

Installation Guide- Non-Linux Platforms
Oracle Banking Digital Experience
Patchset Release 21.1.3.0.0

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ORACLE®

Installation Guide- Non-Linux Platforms

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1. Preface

1.1 Intended Audience

This document is intended for the following audience:

- Customers
- Partners

1.2 Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc>.

1.3 Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit

<http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info> or visit

<http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs> if you are hearing impaired.

1.4 Structure

This manual is organized into the following categories:

Preface gives information on the intended audience. It also describes the overall structure of the User Manual.

The subsequent chapters describes following details:

- Introduction
- Preferences & Database
- Configuration / Installation.

1.5 Related Information Sources

For more information on Oracle Banking Digital Experience Patchset Release 21.1.3.0.0, refer to the following documents:

- Oracle Banking Digital Experience Installation Manuals

2. Manual OBDX installation

OBDX Database Installation with OBPM FLAVOR

Create required OBDX tablespace and user in below sequence.

2.1 Create OBDX Tablespace (file obdx_create_tablespace.sql)

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/db/OBDX/obdx_create_tablespace.sql

Update the datafile path and tablespace name and execute the file

Example: -

Refer installer.properties file variable POST_FIX and replace in the below command.

```
CREATE BIGFILE TABLESPACE OBDX_${POST_FIX} DATAFILE  
'${DATAFILE_PATH}/OBDX_${POST_FIX}.dbf'
```

```
SIZE 500M
```

```
AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 100M
```

```
LOGGING
```

```
EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL
```

```
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT AUTO;
```

2.2 Create Audit tablespace (file obdx_audit_create_tablespace.sql)

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/db/OBDX/obdx_audit_create_tablespace.sql

Example :-

Refer installer.properties file variable POST_FIX and replace in the below command

```
CREATE BIGFILE TABLESPACE OBDX_AUDIT_${POST_FIX}
```

```
DATAFILE '${DATAFILE_PATH}/OBDX_AUDIT_${POST_FIX}.dbf'
```

```
SIZE 500M
```

```
AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 100M
```

```

LOGGING
EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT AUTO;

```

2.3 **Create user (file obdx_create_user.sql)**

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/db/OBDX/obdx_create_user.sql

Example: -

Refer installer.properties file variable POST_FIX and replace in the below command

```

create user OBDX_${POST_FIX} identified by welcome1;
alter user OBDX_${POST_FIX} default tablespace OBDX_${POST_FIX};
alter user OBDX_${POST_FIX} temporary tablespace temp;
alter user OBDX_${POST_FIX} quota unlimited on OBDX_${POST_FIX} ;
alter user OBDX_${POST_FIX} quota unlimited on OBDX_AUDIT_${POST_FIX} ;

```

2.4 **Create role (file obdx_create_role.sql)**

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/db/OBDX/obdx_create_role.sql

Example:-

Refer installer.properties file variable POST_FIX and replace in the below command

```

CREATE ROLE OBDX_ROLE_${POST_FIX} NOT IDENTIFIED;

grant CONNECT, CREATE SESSION, CREATE TABLE, CREATE SEQUENCE,CREATE
TRIGGER, CREATE DATABASE LINK,CREATE VIEW, CREATE PROCEDURE, CREATE
SYNONYM, CREATE TYPE,CREATE JOB to OBDX_ROLE_${POST_FIX};

grant OBDX_ROLE_${POST_FIX} to OBDX_${POST_FIX};

```

2.5 Grants Execution (file clip_user_grants.sql)

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBDX/clip_user_grants.sql

Example:-

Refer installer.properties file variable POST_FIX and replace in the below command

```
grant create any sequence to OBDX_${POST_FIX};
```

```
grant execute on DBMS_LOCK to OBDX_${POST_FIX};
```

2.6 Files execution in sequences on above schema (ex. OBDX \${POST_FIX})

- clip_master_script.sql
- clip_constraints.sql
- clip_seeds_executable.sql
- clip_master_generic_rest_script.sql

***** SUCCESSFULLY installed OBDX database *****

2.7 OBPM Database Installation (OBPM Favor)

Create required OBDX tablespace and user in below sequence

2.8 Tablespace Creation (file obpm_create_tablespace.sql)

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER}
/installables/db/OBPM/obpm_create_tablespace.sql

Example:-

Refer installer.properties file variable EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME and replace in the below command

2.9 CREATE BIGFILE TABLESPACE TBS \${EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME }

```
DATAFILE '${DATAFILE_PATH}/TBS_${EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME}.dbf'
SIZE 500M
AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 100M
LOGGING
EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT AUTO;
```

2.10 User Creation (file obpm_create_user.sql)

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/obpm_create_user.sql

Example:-

Refer installer.properties file variable EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME and replace in the below command

```
create user ${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } identified by welcome1;
alter user ${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } default tablespace TBS_${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME };
alter user ${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } temporary tablespace temp;
alter user ${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } quota unlimited on TBS_${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME };
```

2.11 Create role (file obpm_create_role.sql)

Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/obpm_create_role.sql

Example:-

Refer installer.properties file variable EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME and replace in the below command

2.12 CREATE ROLE ROLE \${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } NOT IDENTIFIED;

```
grant CONNECT, CREATE SESSION, CREATE TABLE, CREATE SEQUENCE,CREATE
TRIGGER, CREATE DATABASE LINK,CREATE VIEW, CREATE PROCEDURE, CREATE
SYNONYM, CREATE TYPE,CREATE JOB to ROLE_${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME };
```

```
grant ROLE_${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } to ${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } ;
```

2.13 Grants Execitions

Replace \$\$schema with \${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } in the below files

- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/FCUBS_GR_PRIV.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/FCOBPM_GR_PRIV.sql

2.14 Scripts Execution

- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/table-scripts.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/ubs_object_scripts.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/obpm_object_scripts.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/execute-seeds.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/obpm-seeds.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/DIGX_FW_CONFIG_ALL_O.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER} /installables/db/OBPM/DIGX_FW_ABOUT_OBPM.sql

- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/db/OBPM/DIGX_FW_CONFIG_VAR_B.sql
- Execute the file available @ \${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/db/OBPM/DIGX_FW_CONFIG_UBS_ALL_O.sql

2.15 Policy Seeding

TEMP_PATH=Temporary Path

```
cp ${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/policies/Entitlement_log4j.properties to
TEMP_PATH/db/Entitlement_log4j.properties
```

```
cp ${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/policies/Task_log4j.properties to
TEMP_PATH/db/Task_log4j.properties
```

```
cp ${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/policies/Dashboard_seed_log4j.properties to
TEMP_PATH/db/Dashboard_seed_log4j.properties
```

update <logs_path> in the above file (TEMP_PATH) to desired location.

Execute below command in sequence.

Were SCHEMA_NAME=OBDX_\${POST_FIX} and SCHEMA_PASS= Password of OBDX_\${POST_FIX} .

```
# $JAVA_HOME/bin/java -Djava.util.logging.config.file= TEMP_PATH/db/Task_log4j.properties -
jar ${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/policies/com.ofss.digx.utils.feed.data.task.jar
/installables/policies/Task.csv oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver SCHEMA_NAME SCHEMA_PASS
'jdbc:oracle:thin:@OBDX_DATABASE_HOSTNAME:OBDX_DATABASE_PORT/OBDX_DATABA
SE_SID'
```

```
# $JAVA_HOME/bin/java -Djava.util.logging.config.file=
TEMP_PATH/db/Dashboard_seed_log4j.properties -jar ${OBDX
INSTALLER}/installables/policies/com.ofss.digx.utils.dashboard.jar ${OBDX
INSTALLER}/installables/policies/dashboard_json/ oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver SCHEMA_NAME
SCHEMA_PASS
'jdbc:oracle:thin:@OBDX_DATABASE_HOSTNAME:OBDX_DATABASE_PORT/OBDX_DATABA
SE_SID'
```

```
# $JAVA_HOME/bin/java -Djava.util.logging.config.file=
TEMP_PATH/db/Entitlement_log4j.properties -jar ${OBDX
INSTALLER}/installables/policies/com.ofss.digx.utils.entitlement.feed.data.jar ${OBDX
INSTALLER}/installables/policies/Resources.csv ${OBDX
INSTALLER}/installables/policies/Entitlement.csv ${OBDX
INSTALLER}/installables/policies/Day0Policy.csv KERNEL oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver
SCHEMA_NAME SCHEMA_PASS
'jdbc:oracle:thin:@OBDX_DATABASE_HOSTNAME:OBDX_DATABASE_PORT/OBDX_DATABA
SE_SID'
```

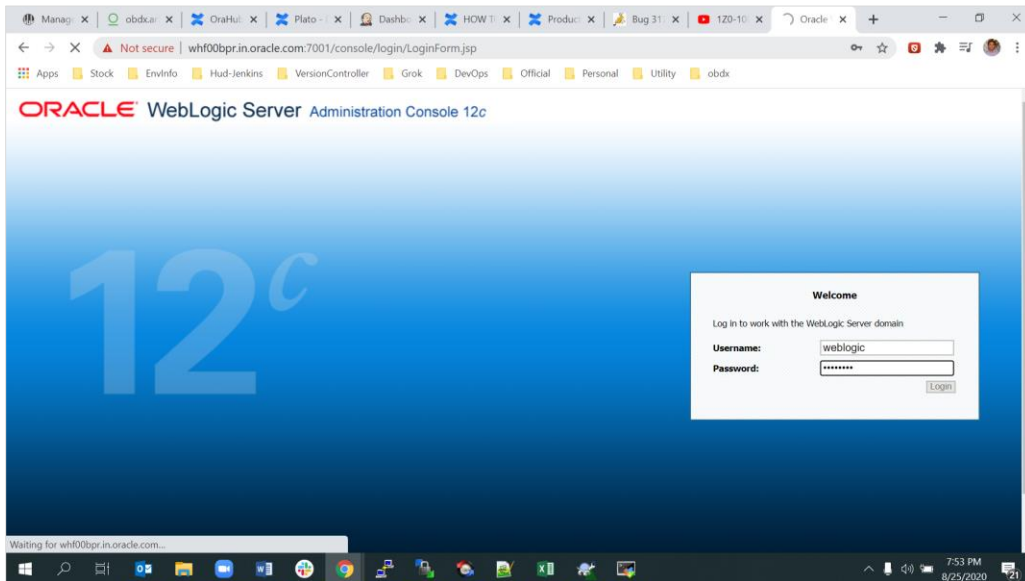
[Home](#)

3. WEBLOGIC Setup and Configuration

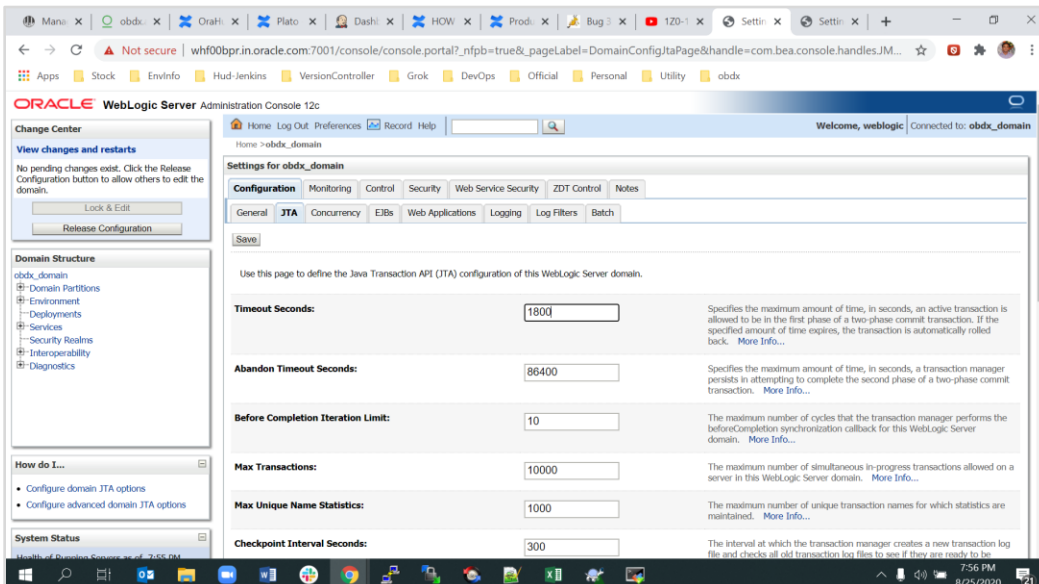
Assuming that rcu , weblogic domain created , managed server, cluster created , node manager configured.

3.1 Setting Domain JTA Transaction timeout

1. Logging into weblogic domain with admin credentials (ex. weblogic)

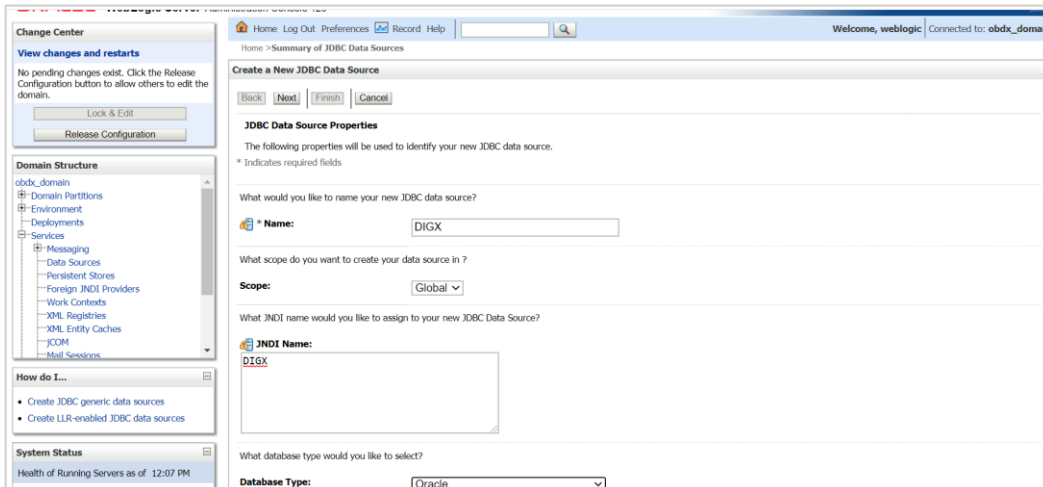


2. click on DOMAIN_NAME → JTA → set Timeout Seconds to 1800 → click on save → Activate changes



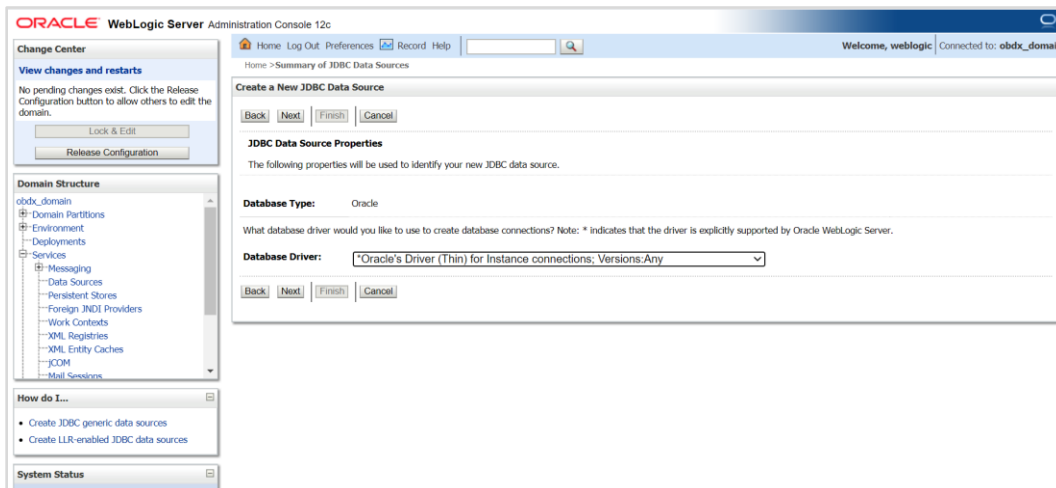
3.2 Creating DIGX data source

1. Navigate to Data Source → click on new → Provide details and click on finish.

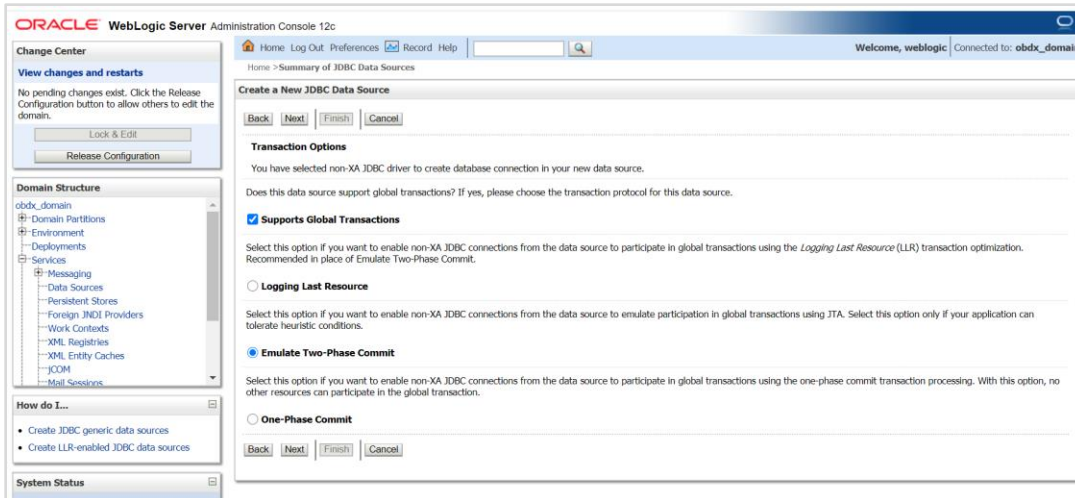


2. Name: - DIGX

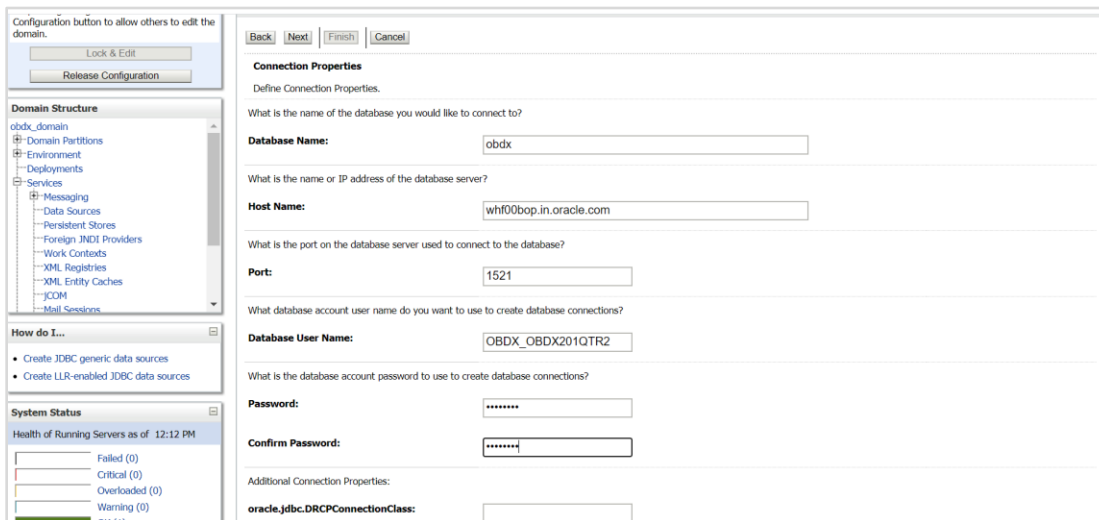
JNDI Name: - DIGX



3. Select Oracle's Driver (Thin) for Instance connections;

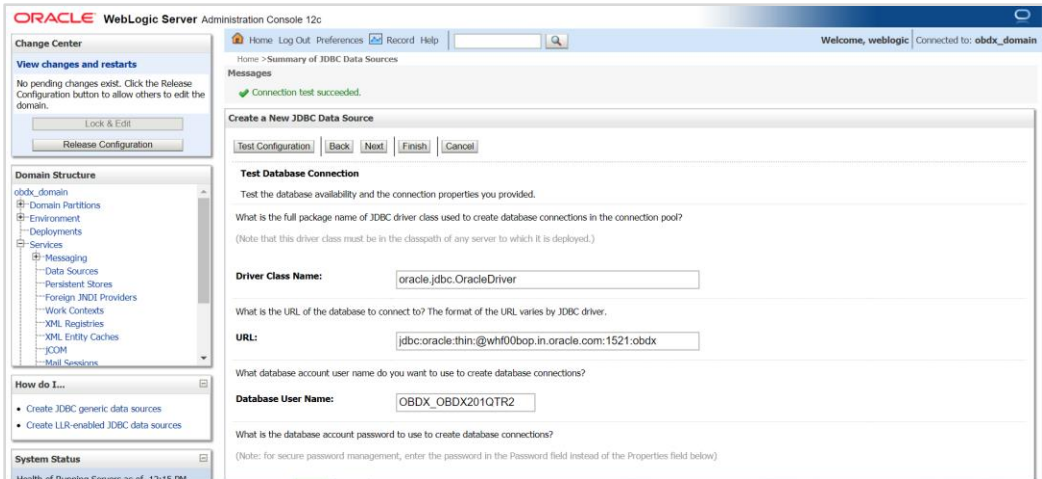


4. Select Emulate Two-Phase Commit

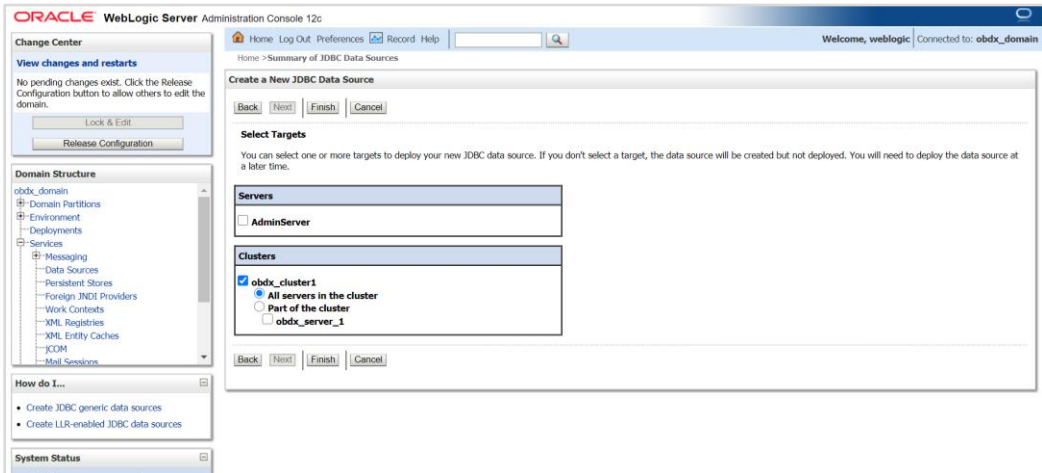


5. Provide

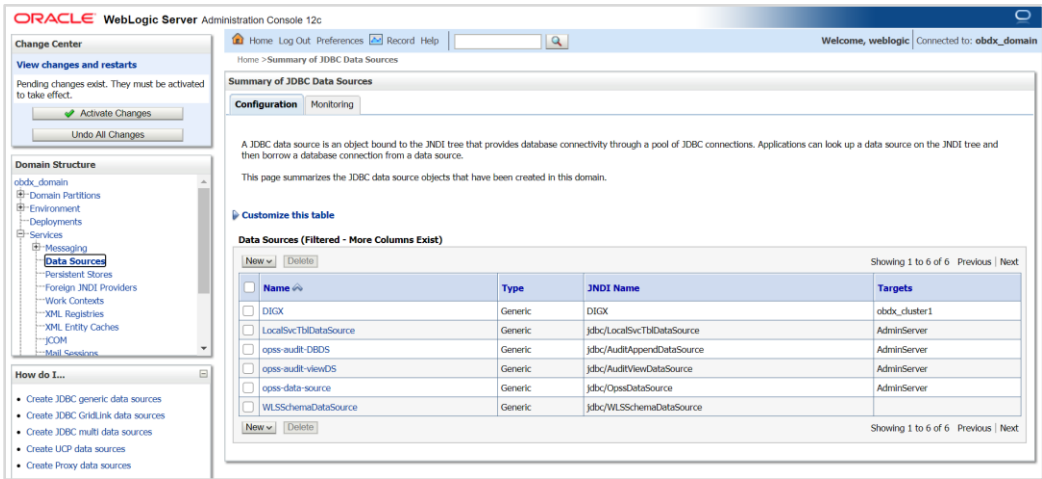
- Database Name:** - Database SID
- Host Name:** - Database hostname
- Port:** - Database port Number
- Database user Name:** - OBDX_\${POST_FIX}



6. Test Configuration

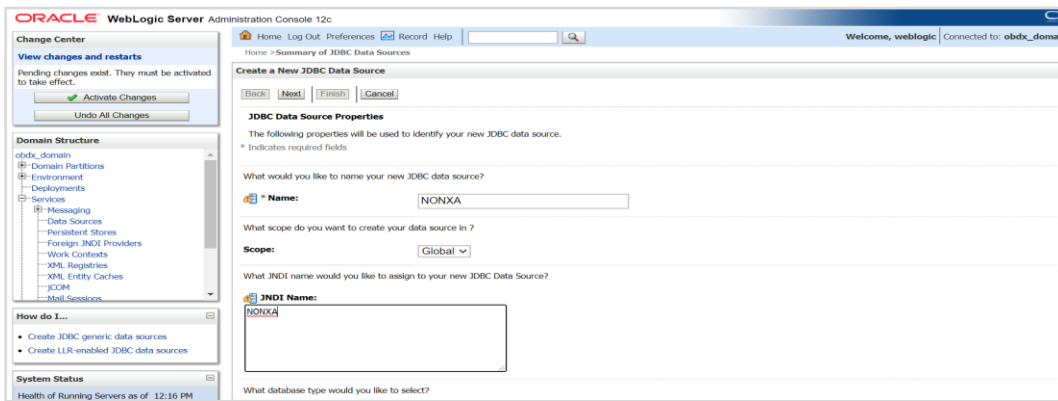


7. Target to cluster



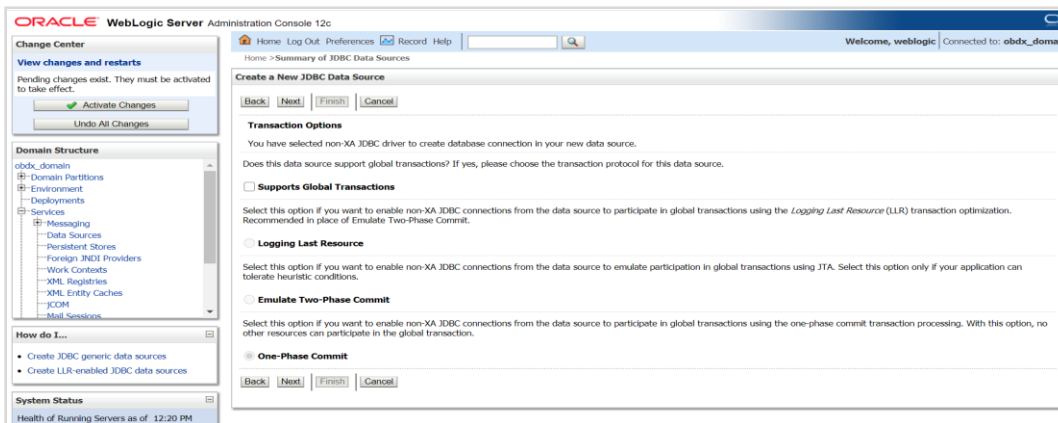
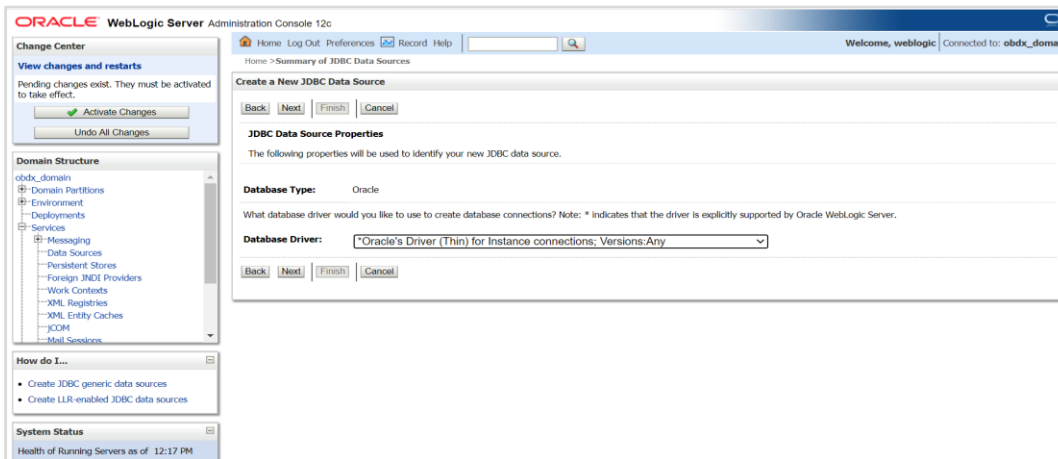
3.3 Creating NONXA data source

1. Navigate to Data Source → click on new → Provide details and click on finish



2. Name :- NONXA

JNDI Name :- NONXA



3. Click Next

4. Provide

Database Name: - Database SID

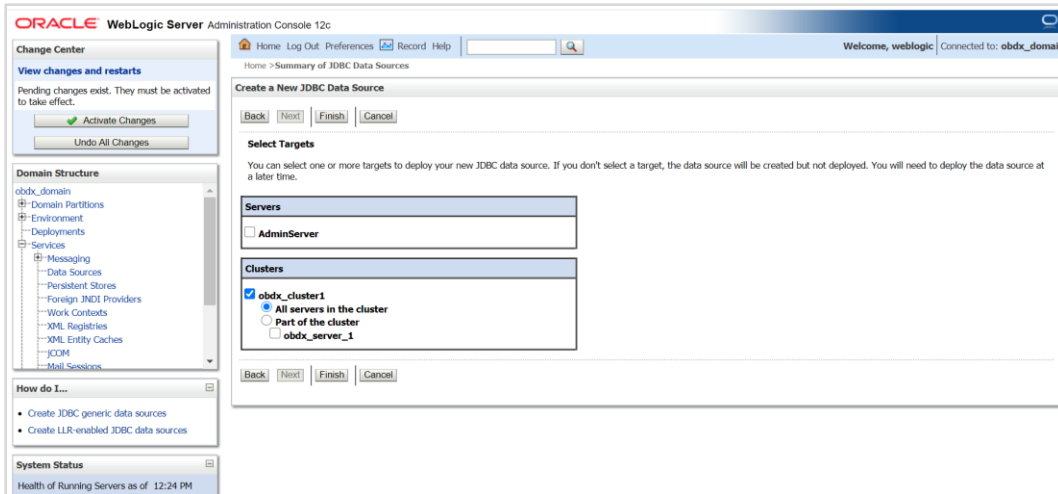
Host Name: - Database hostname

Port: - Database port Number

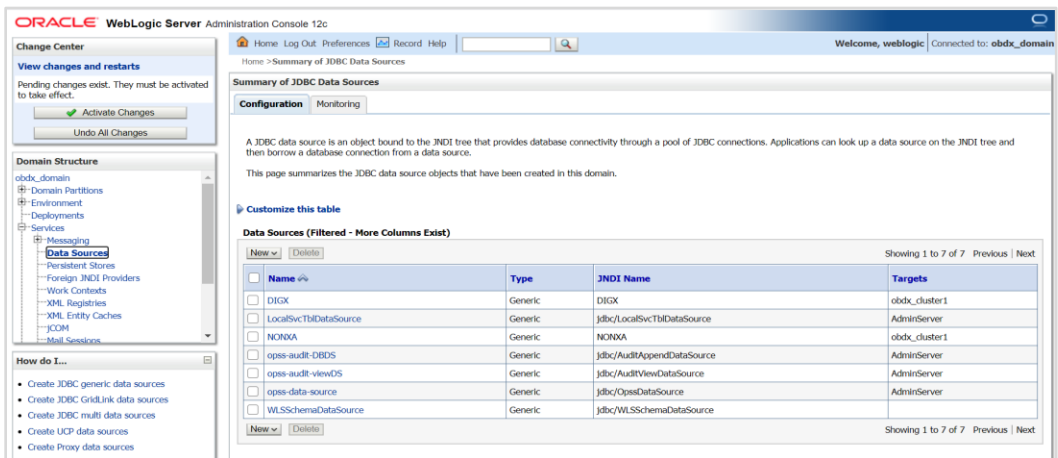
Database user Name: - OBDX_\${POST_FIX}

Password:- Database user password

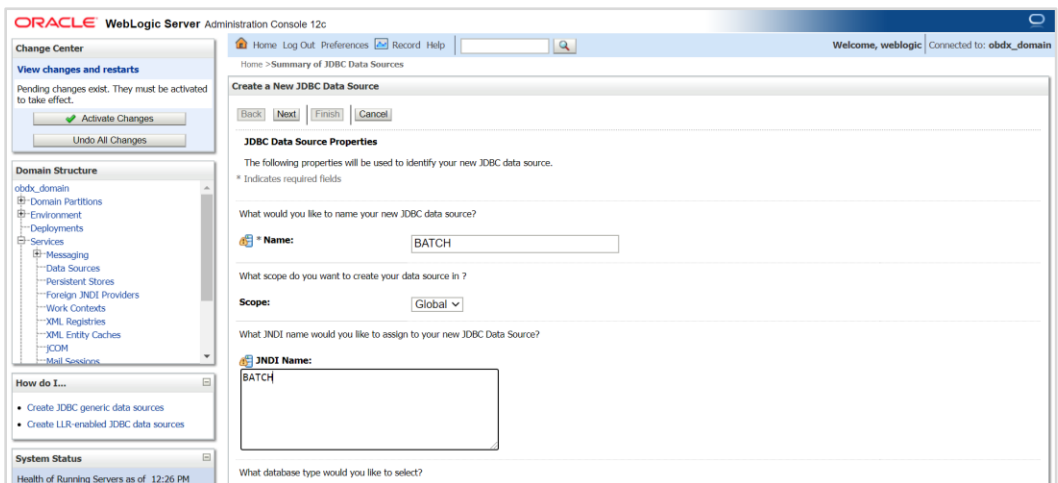
5. Test Configuration



6. Select target as cluster --> Finish

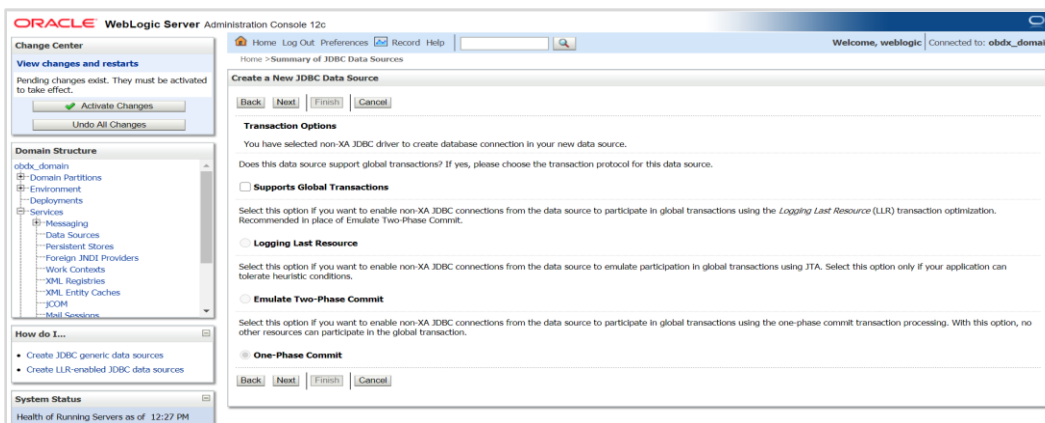
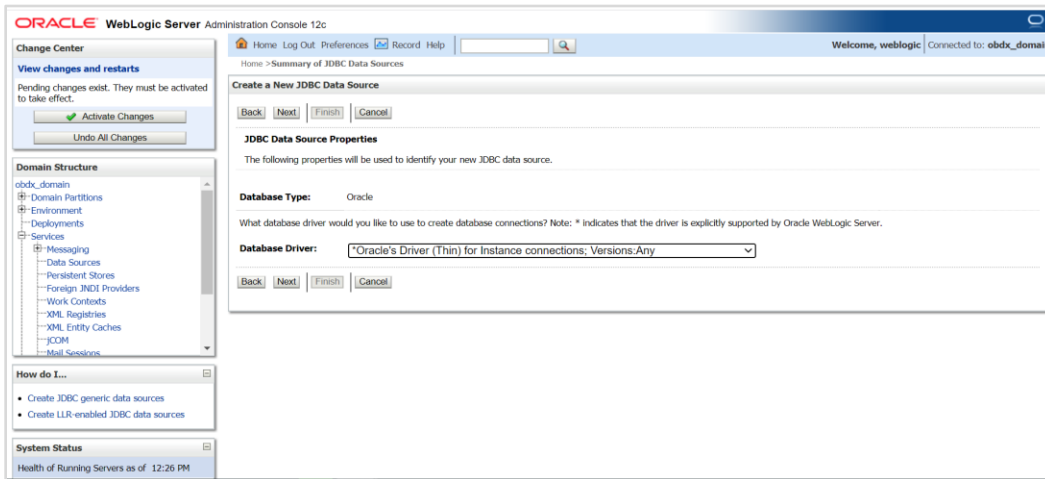


3.4 Creating BATCH data source

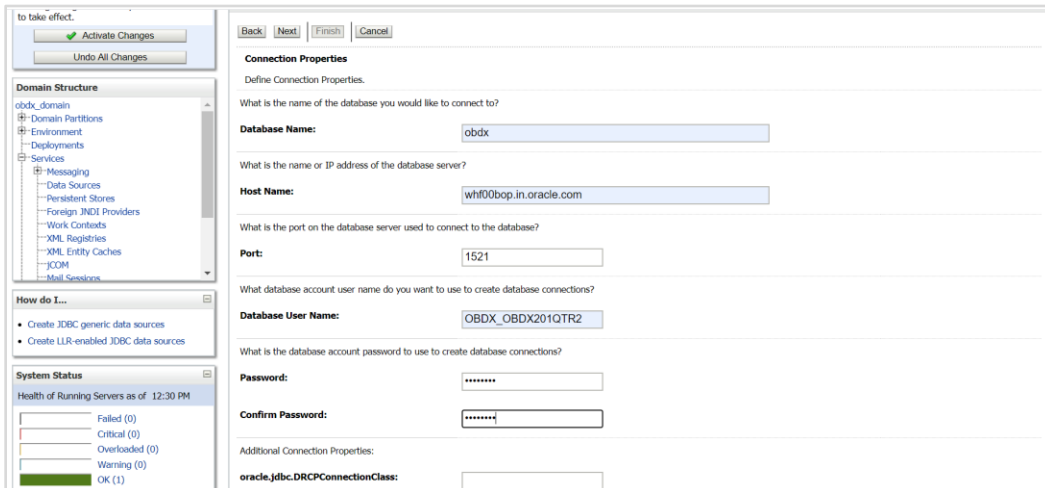


7. Name :- BATCH

JNDI Name :- BATCH

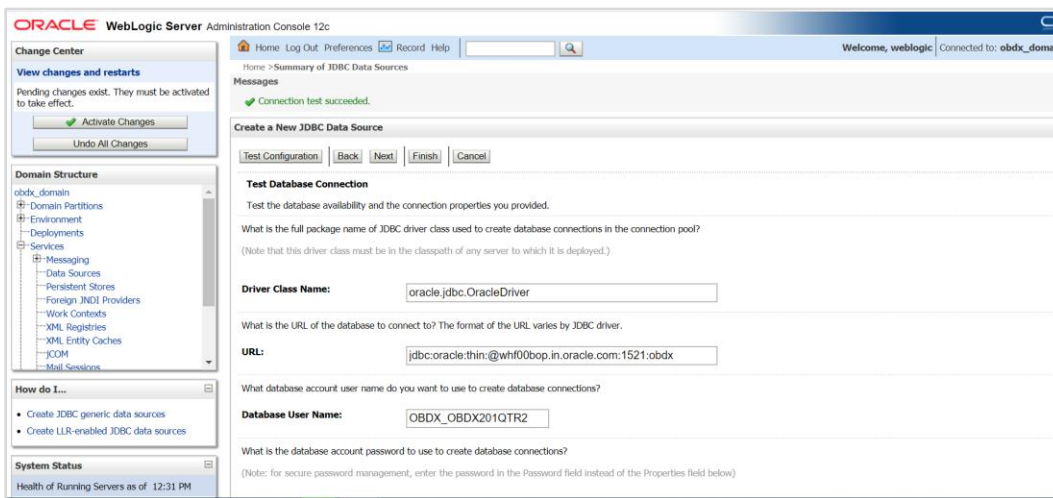


8. Click Next

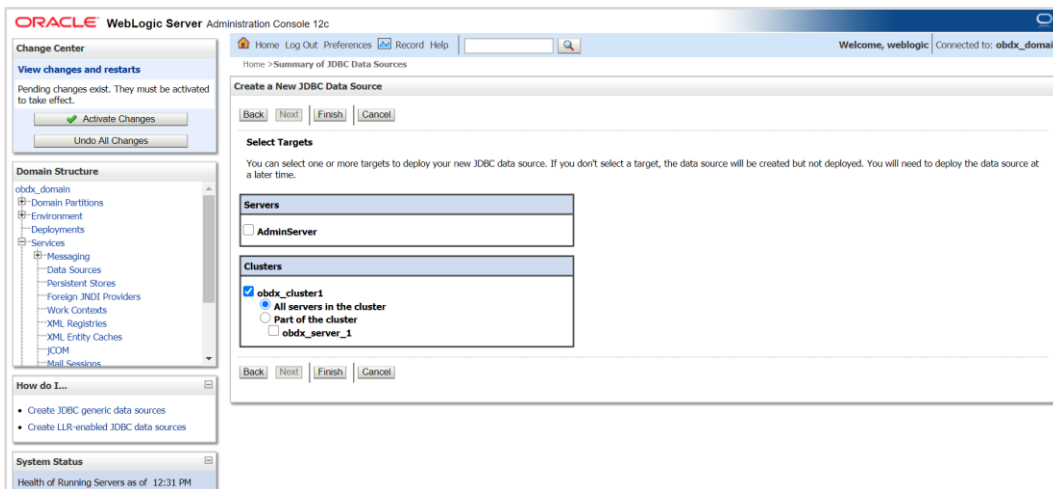


9. Provide

- Database Name:** - Database SID
- Host Name:** - Database hostname
- Port:** - Database port Number
- Database user Name:** - OBDX_\${POST_FIX}
- Password:-** Database user password



10. Test Configuration



11. Target Cluster and click on Finish

to take effect.

Domain Structure

- obdx_domain
 - Domain Partitions
 - Environment
 - Deployments
 - Services
 - Data Sources**
 - Persistent Stores
 - Foreign JNDI Providers
 - Work Contexts
 - XML Registries
 - XML Entity Caches
 - JCOM
 - Mail Sessions

How do I...

- Create JDBC generic data sources
- Create JDBC GridLink data sources
- Create JDBC multi data sources
- Create UCP data sources
- Create Proxy data sources

System Status

Health of Running Servers as of 12:31 PM

Failed (0)

Critical (0)

Configuration | Monitoring

A JDBC data source is an object bound to the JNDI tree that provides database connectivity through a pool of JDBC connections. Applications can look up a data source on the JNDI tree and then borrow a database connection from a data source.

This page summarizes the JDBC data source objects that have been created in this domain.

Customize this table

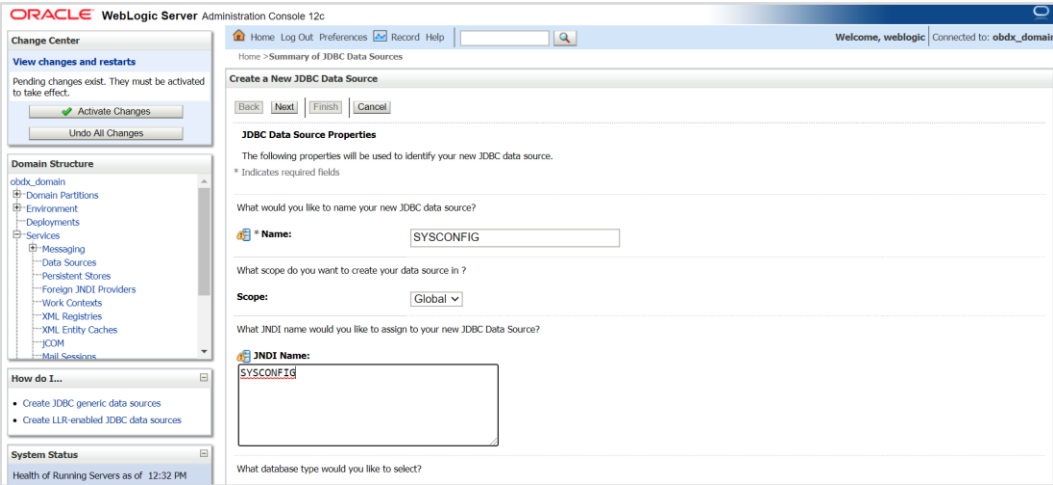
Data Sources (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Showing 1 to 8 of 8 Previous Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	BATCH	Generic	BATCH	obdx_cluster1
<input type="checkbox"/>	DIGX	Generic	DIGX	obdx_cluster1
<input type="checkbox"/>	LocalSvcTblDataSource	Generic	jdbc/LocalSvcTblDataSource	AdminServer
<input type="checkbox"/>	NONXA	Generic	NONXA	obdx_cluster1
<input type="checkbox"/>	opss-audit-DBDS	Generic	jdbc/AuditAppendDataSource	AdminServer
<input type="checkbox"/>	opss-audit-viewDS	Generic	jdbc/AuditViewDataSource	AdminServer
<input type="checkbox"/>	opss-data-source	Generic	jdbc/OpssDataSource	AdminServer
<input type="checkbox"/>	WLSschemaDataSource	Generic	jdbc/WLSschemaDataSource	

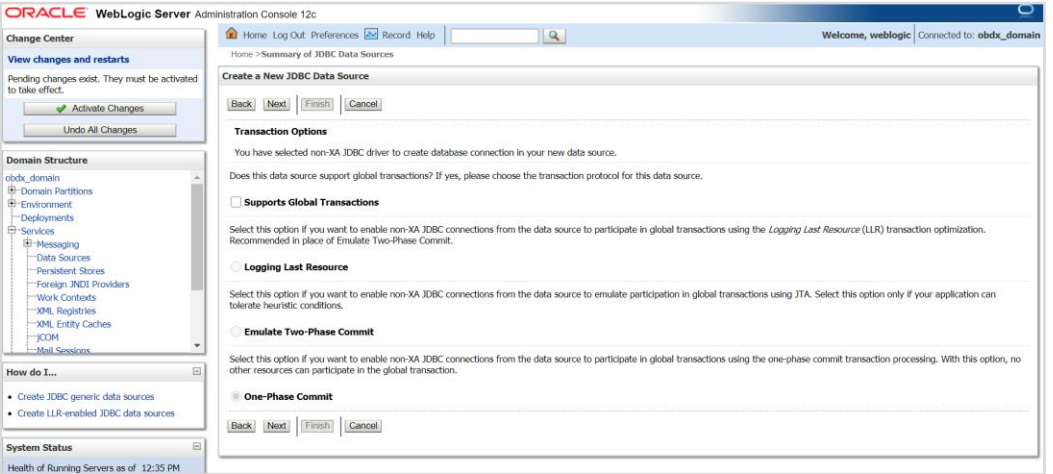
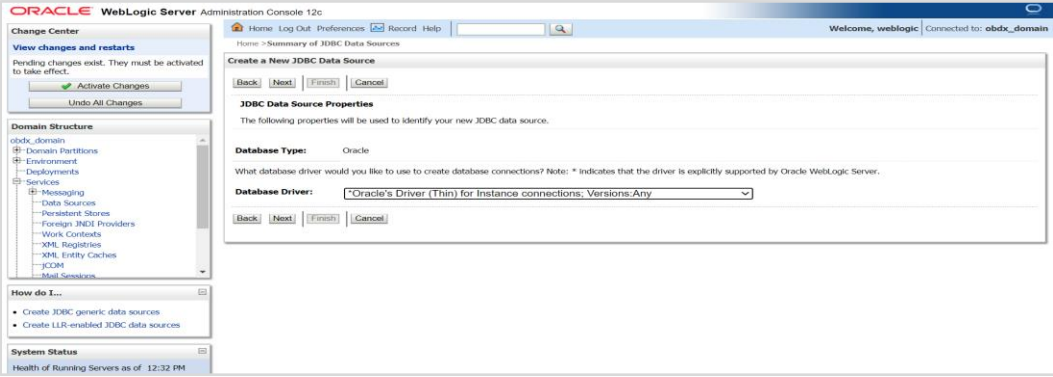
Showing 1 to 8 of 8 Previous Next

3.5 Creating SYSCONFIG data source

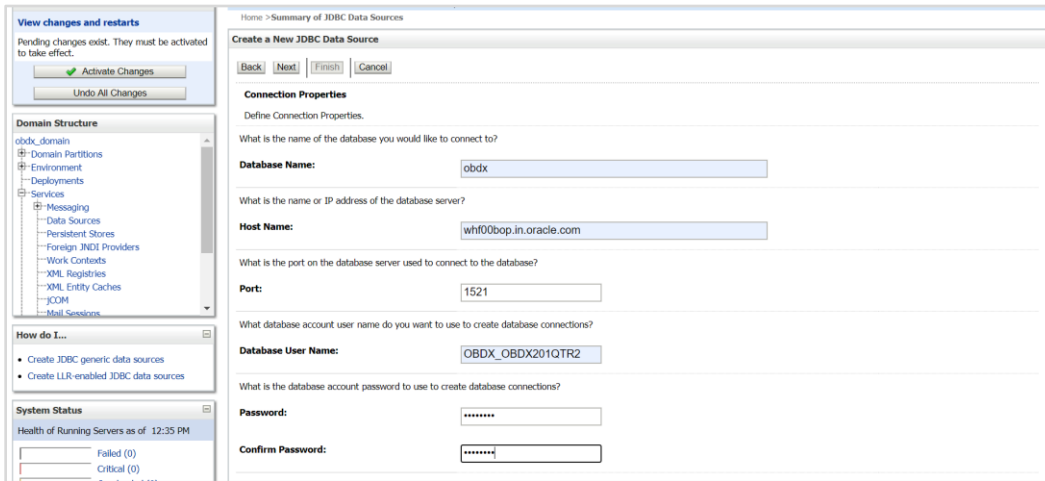


12. Name :- SYSCONFIG

JNDI Name :- SYSCONFIG



13. Click on Next



14. Provide

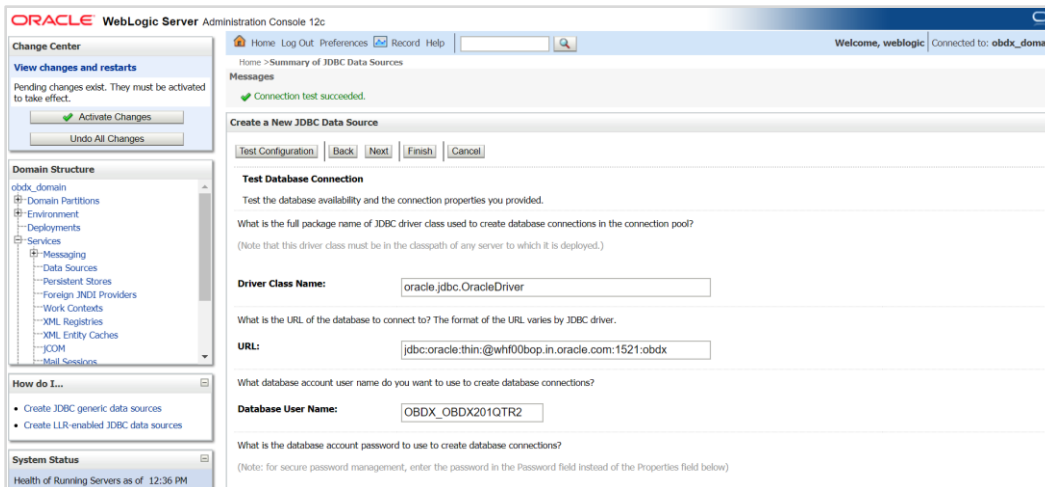
Database Name: - Database SID

Host Name: - Database hostname

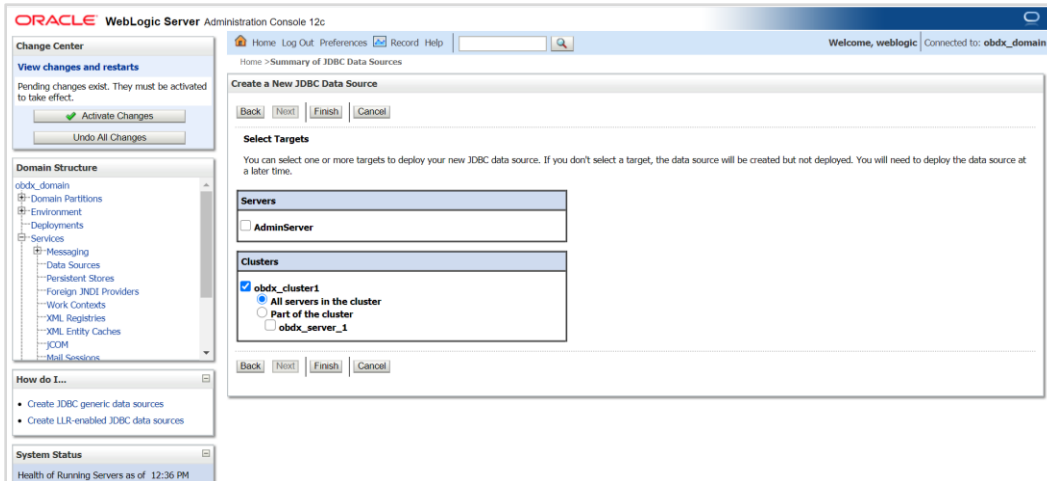
Port: - Database port Number

Database user Name: - OBDX_\${POST_FIX}

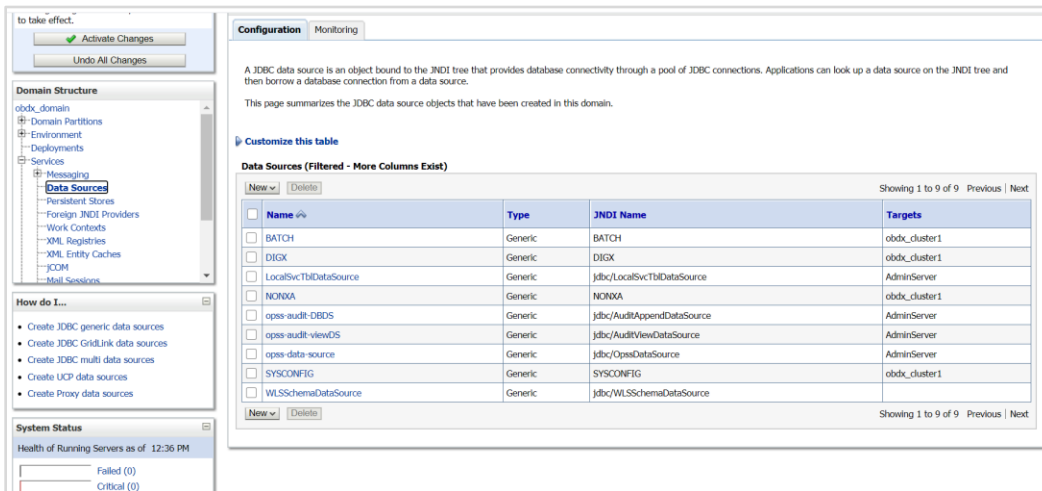
Password:- Database user password



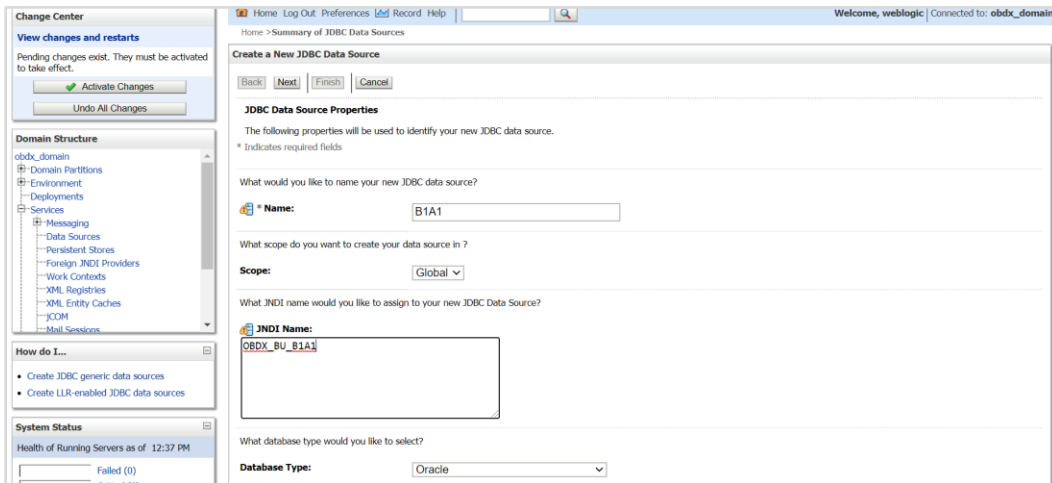
15. Test Configuration



16. Select target as cluster and click on Finish

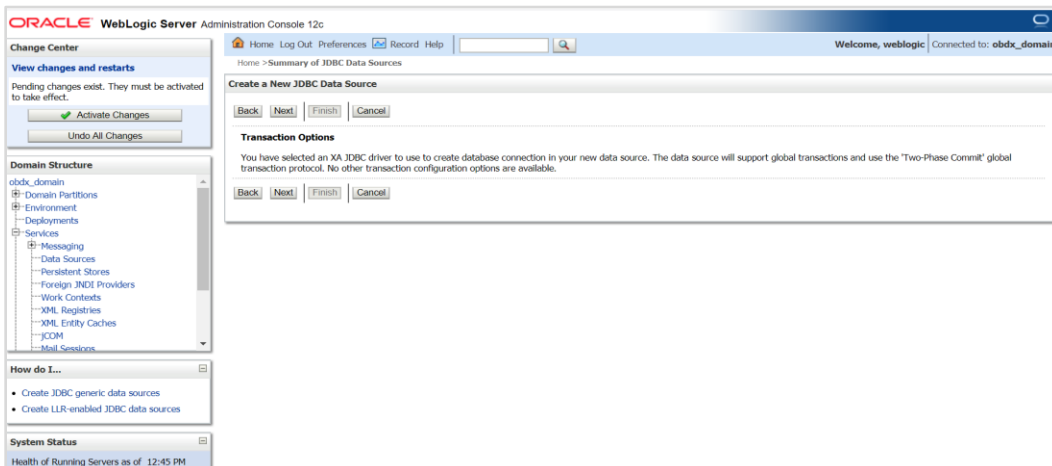
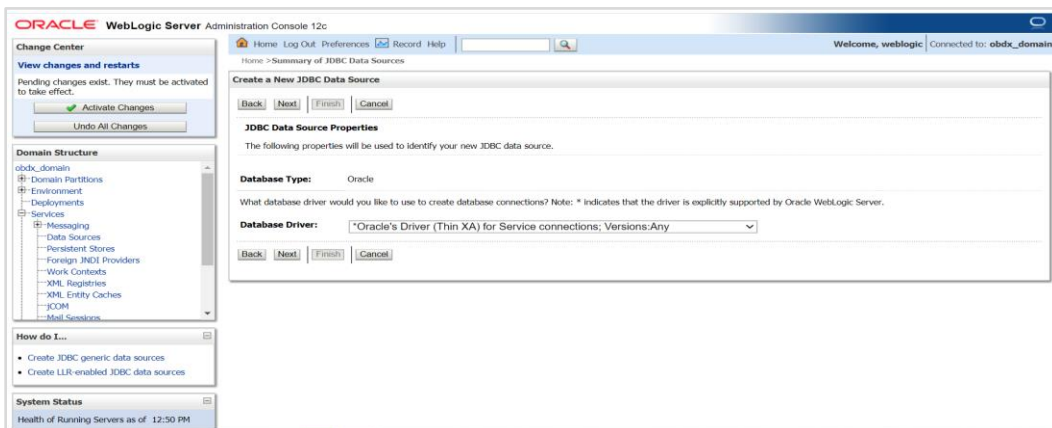


3.6 Creating B1A1 data source



17. Name:- B1A1

JNDI Name :- OBDX_BU_B1A1



18. Click on Next

19. Provide

Database Name: - Database SID (\$EHMS_DATABASE_SID)

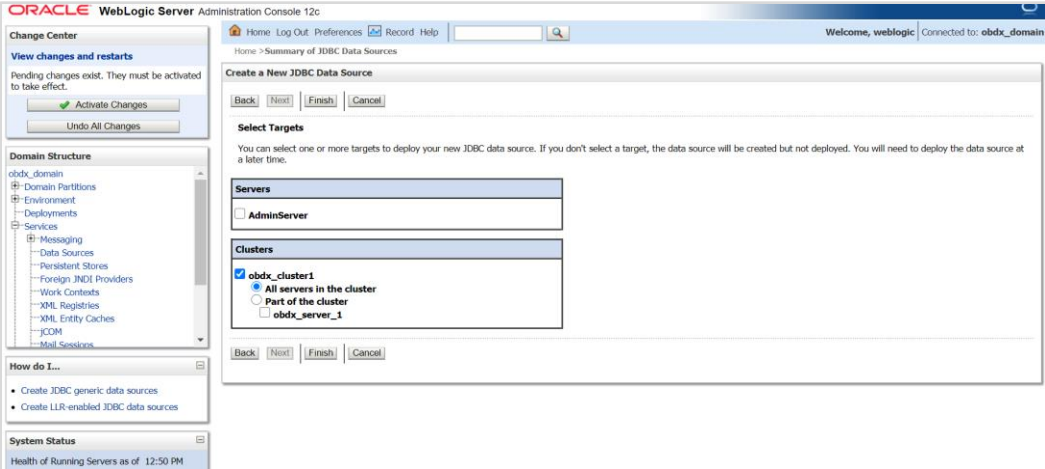
Host Name: - Database hostname (\$EHMS_DATABASE_HOSTNAME)

Port: - Database port Number (\$EHMS_DATABASE_PORT)

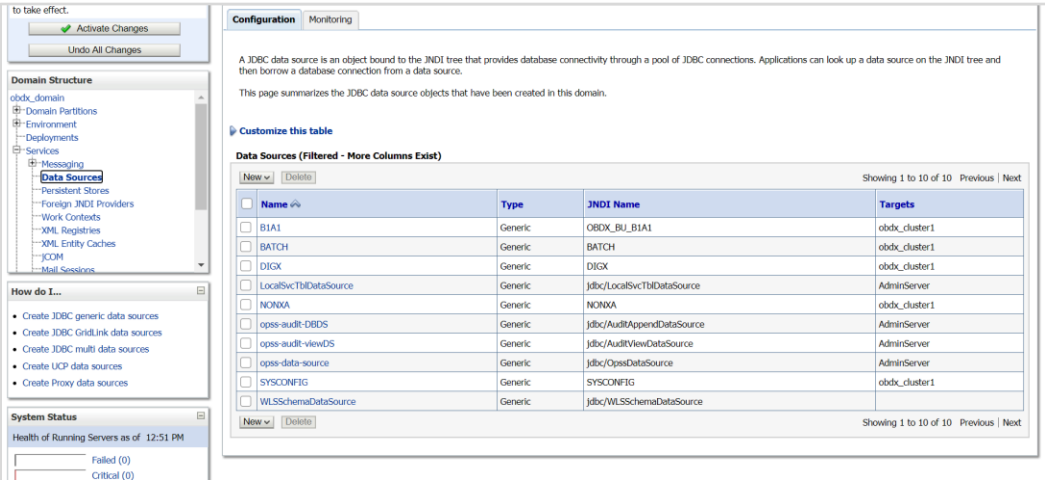
Database user Name: - \${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME }

Password: - Database user \${ EHMS_SCHEMA_NAME } password

20. Test Configuration

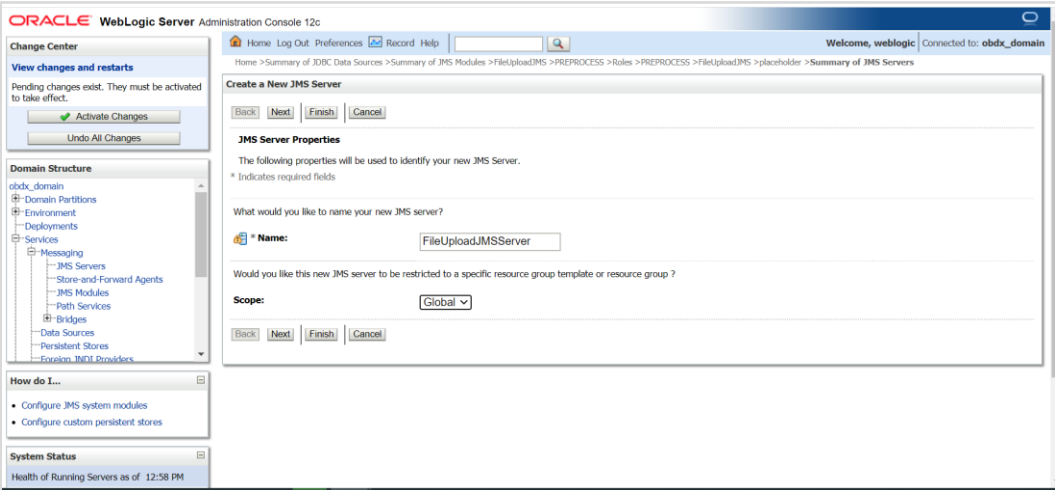
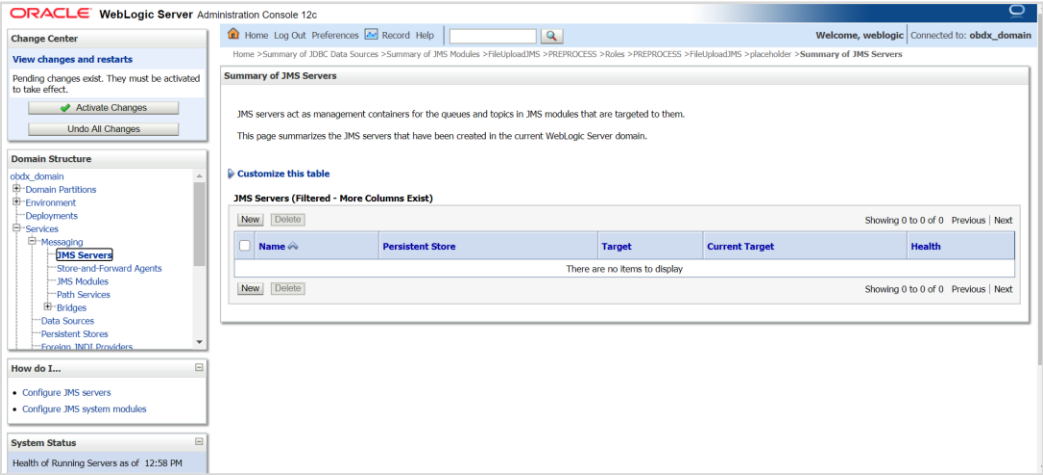


21. Set target as cluster and click on Finish

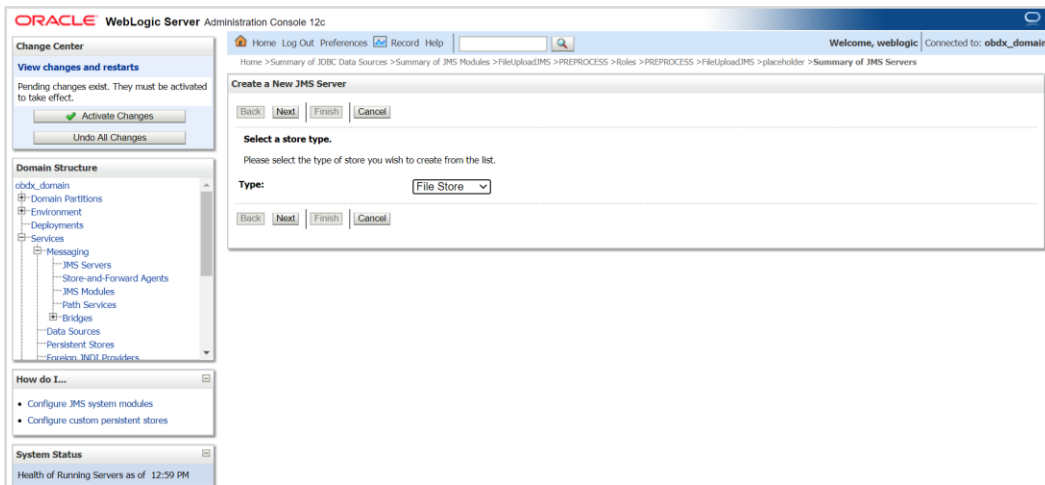
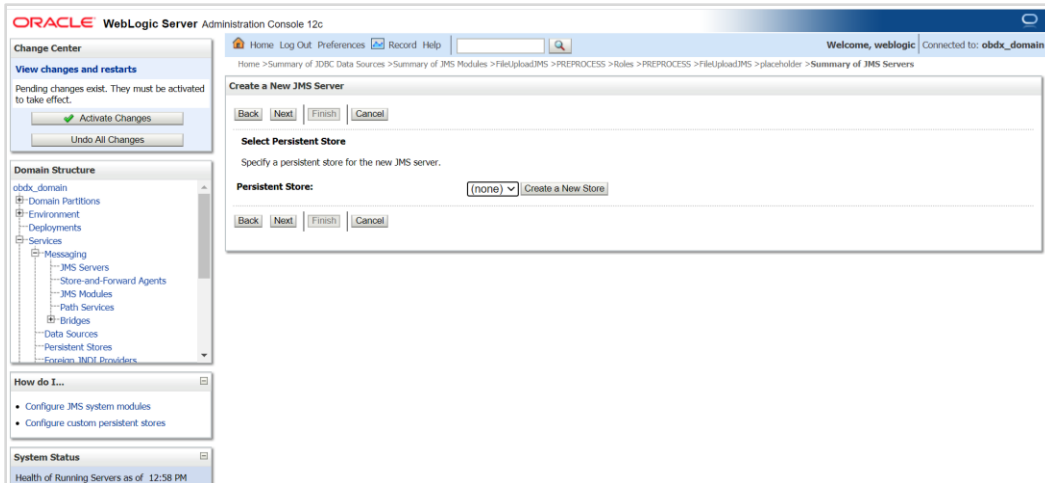


3.7 Create JMS server and JMS Module

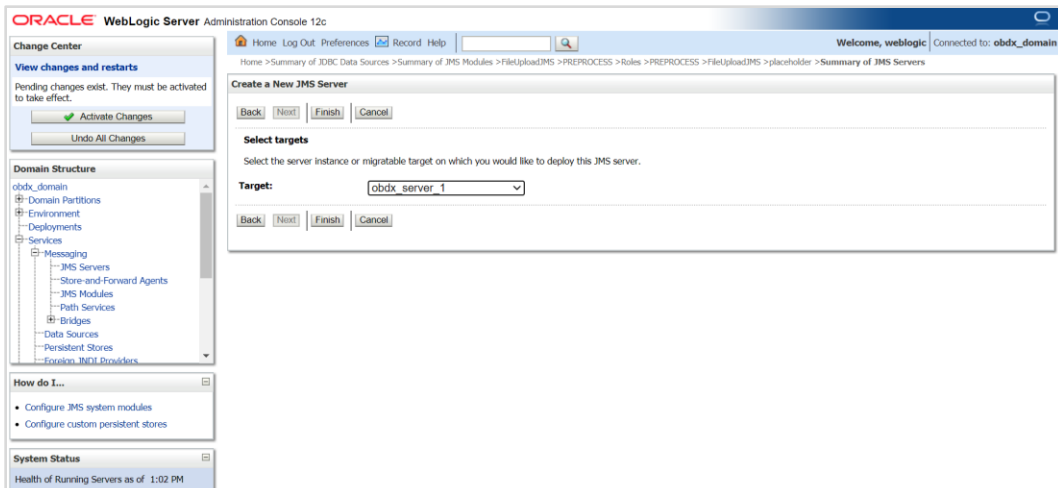
- Creating FileUploadJMS JSM Module
- Creating WLS_JMS_FILEUPLOAD_PS FileStore
- Creating FileUploadJMSServer JMS Server



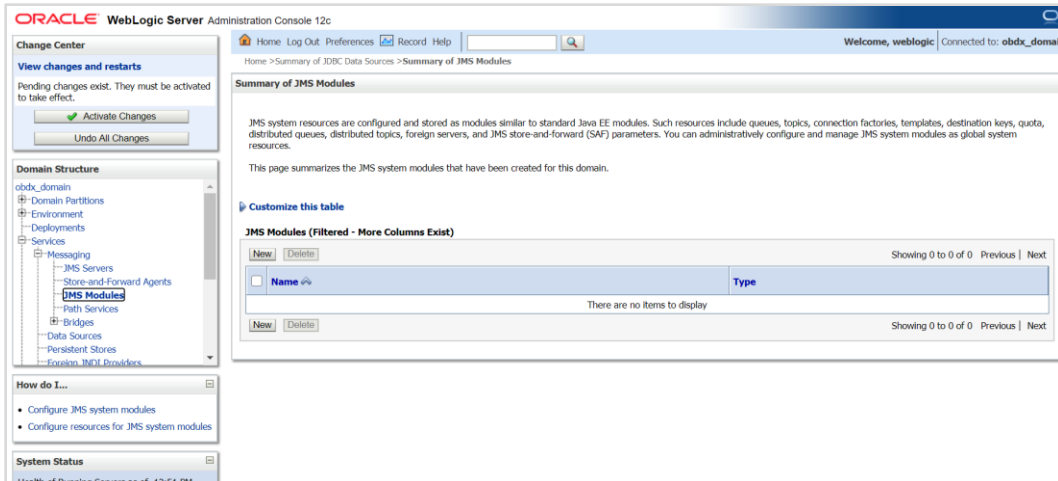
22. Click on JMS Servers → Name – FileUploadJMSServer -- > Click on Next



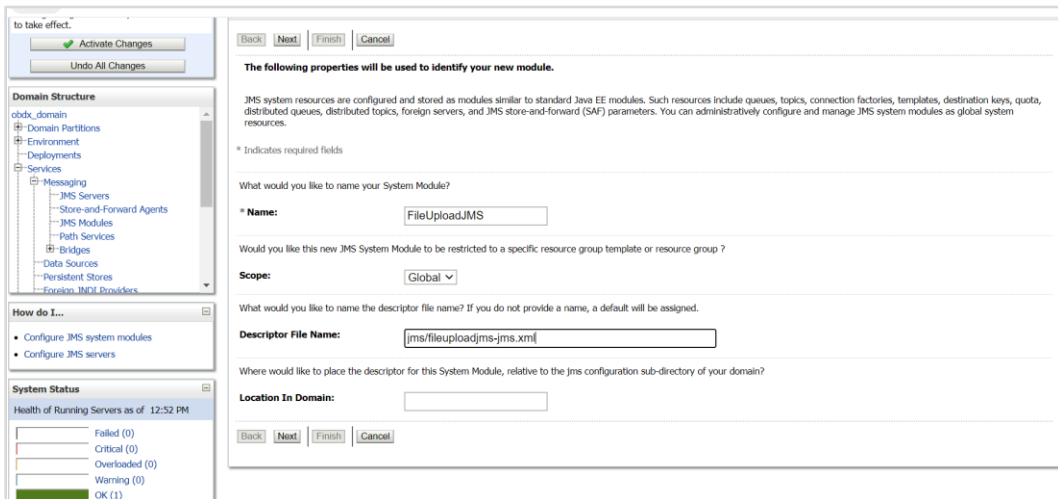
23. Select Type as File Store and click on Next



24. Select target as managed server and click on Finish



25. Left hand side click on JMS Module -- click on New

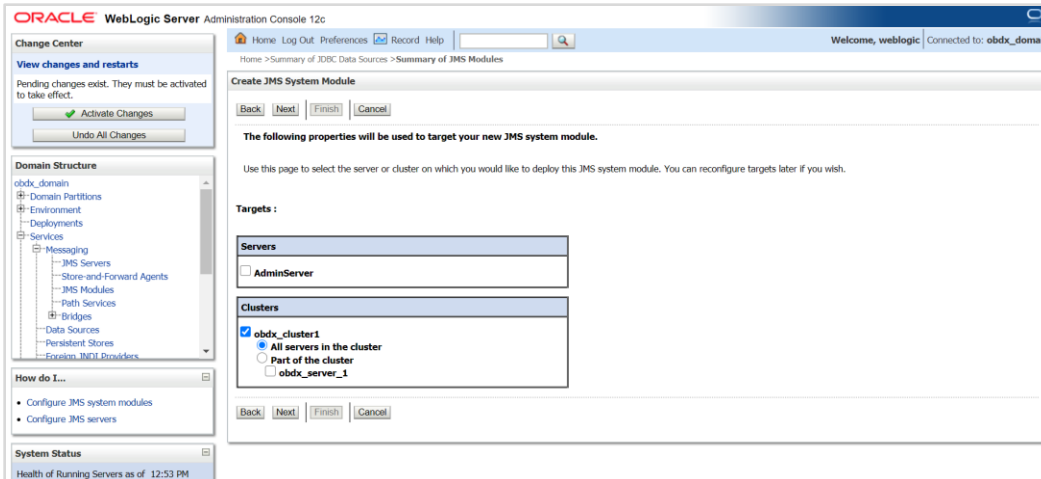


26. Name :- FileUploadJMS

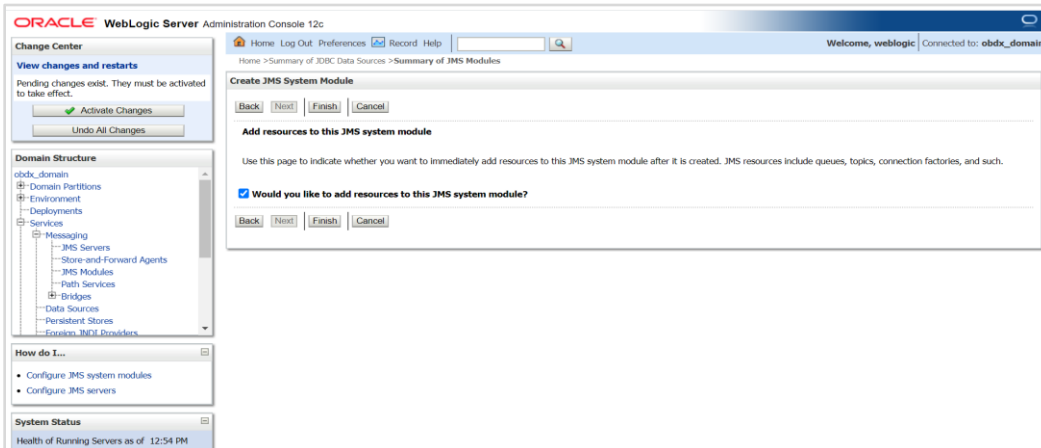
Scope:- Global

Descriptor File Name:- jms/fileuploadjms-jms.xml

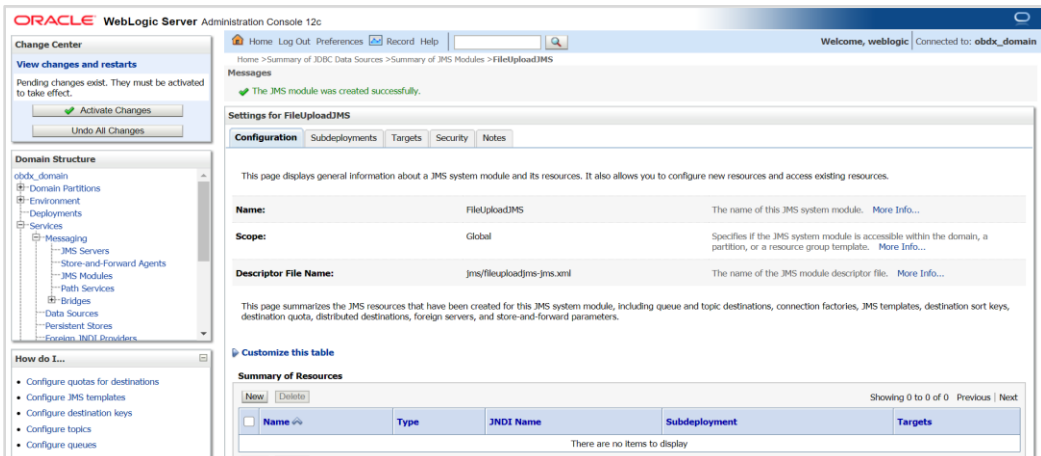
27. Click on Next



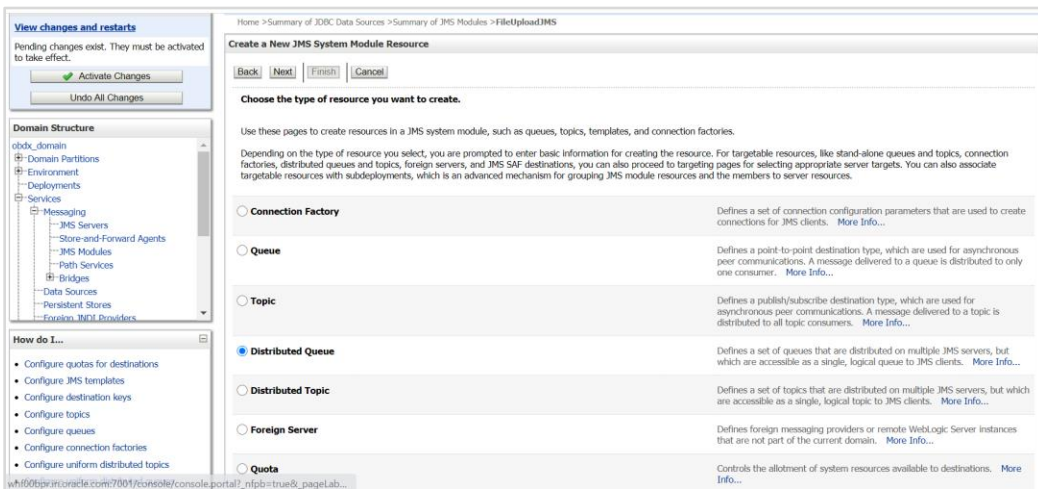
28. Set target as cluster → click on Next



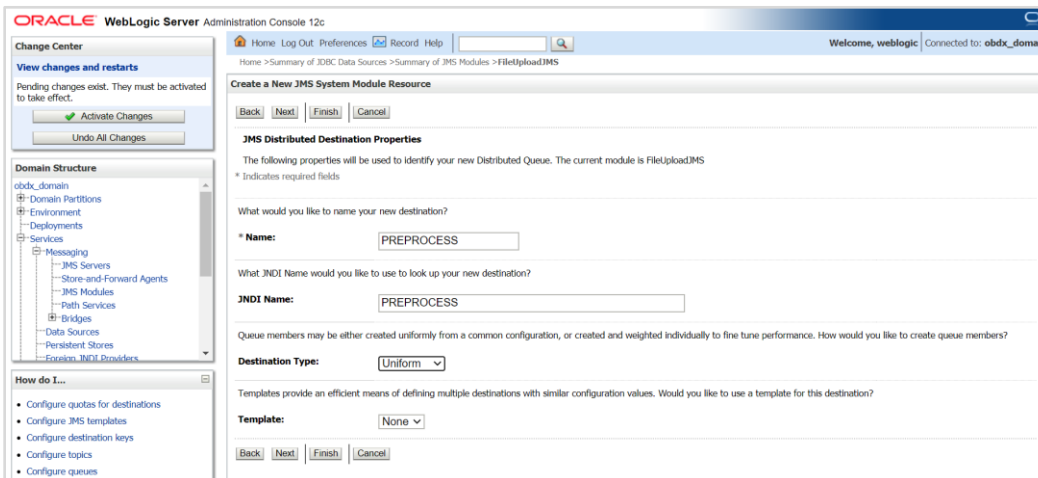
29. Select Would you like to add resources to this JMS system module and click on finish



30. Select new



31. Select Distributed Queue and click next



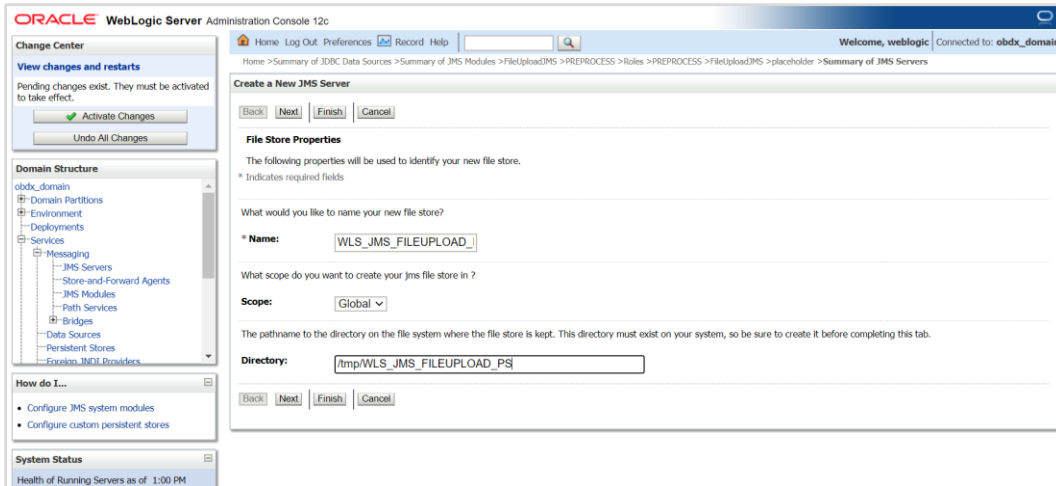
32. Provide

Name: - PREPROCESS

JNDI Name: - PREPROCESS

Destination Type: - Uniform

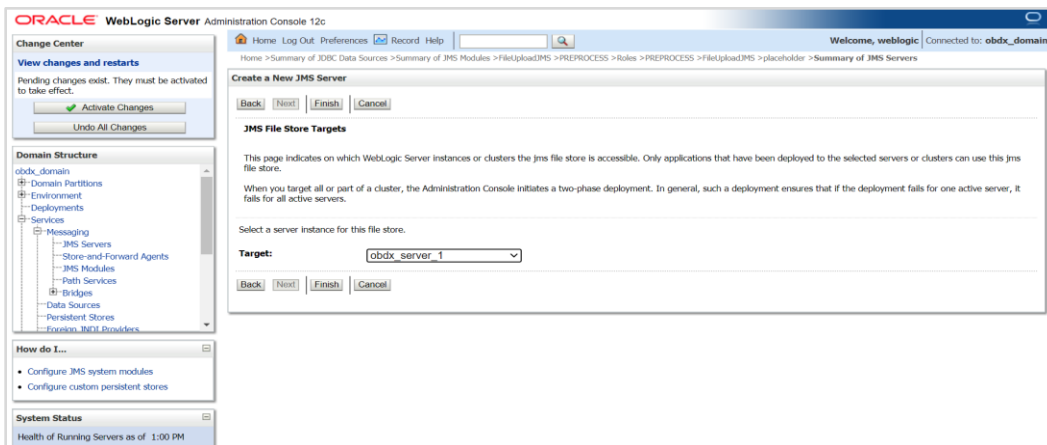
Template: - None



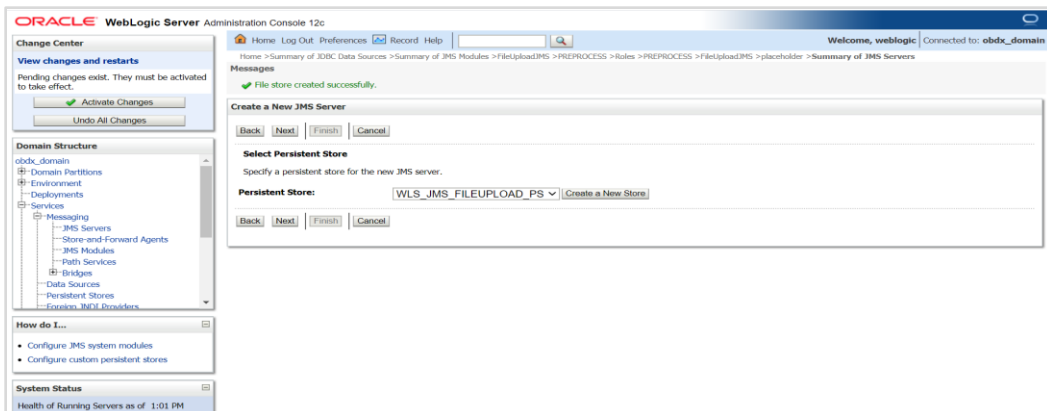
33. Name :- WLS_JMS_FILEUPLOAD_PS

Scope :- Global

Directory :- /tmp/WLS_JMS_FILEUPLOAD_PS

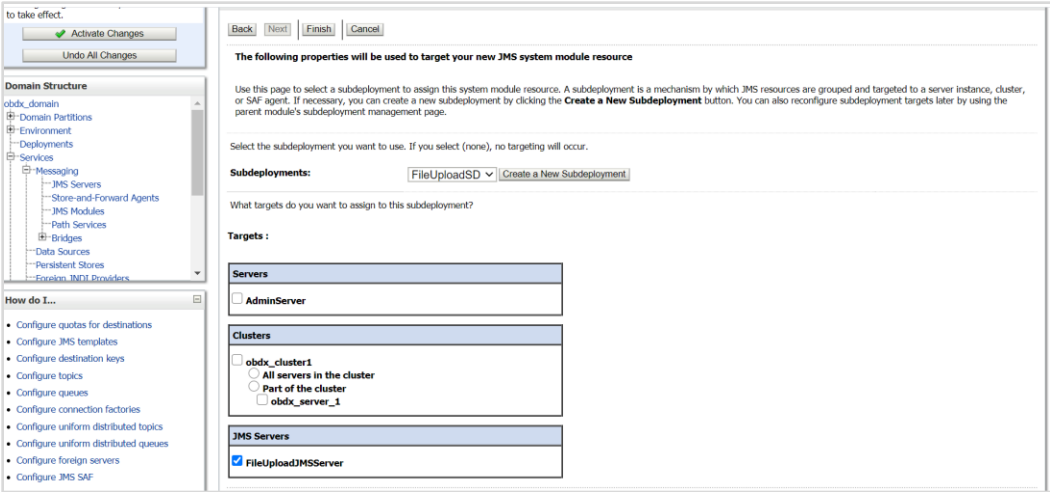


34. Select target as managed server

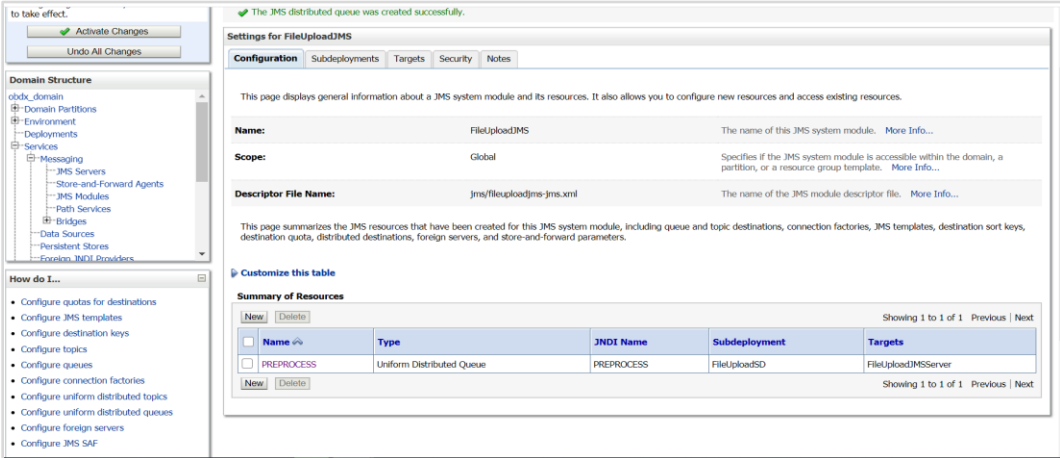


35. Select WLS_JMS_FILEUPLOAD_PS and click on Next

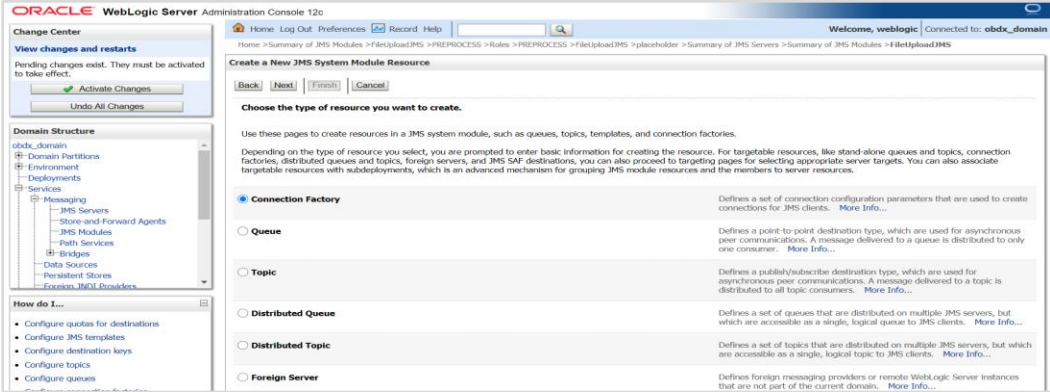
36. Select Create a New Subdeployment and create FileUploadSD



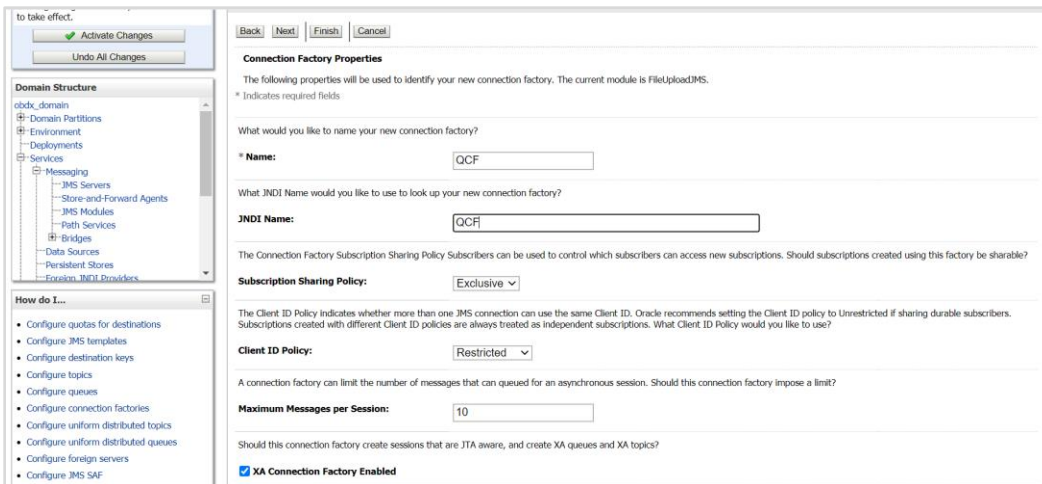
37. Select FileUploadJMSServer and click on Finish



38. Similarly Go into FileuploadJMS module and click on Next



39. Select Connection factory -> Click Next



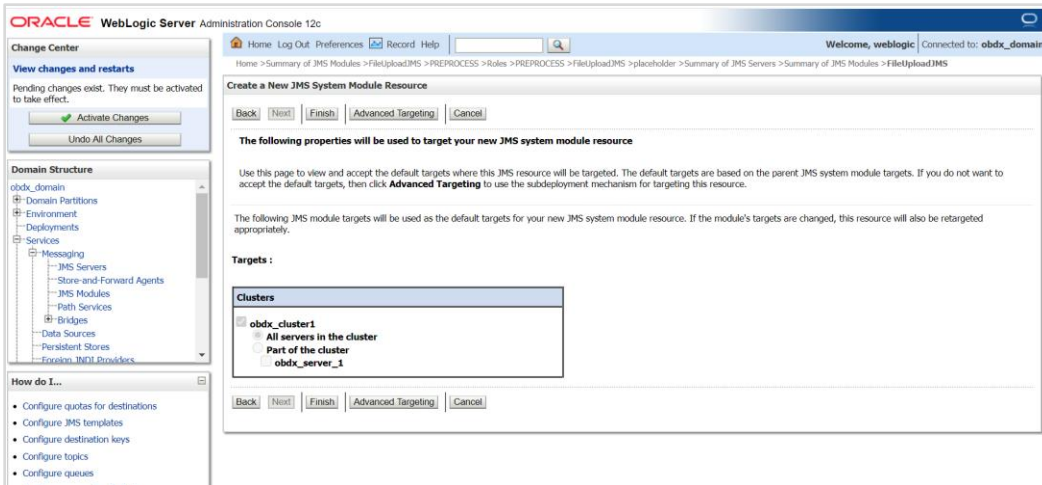
40. Provide

Name :- OCF

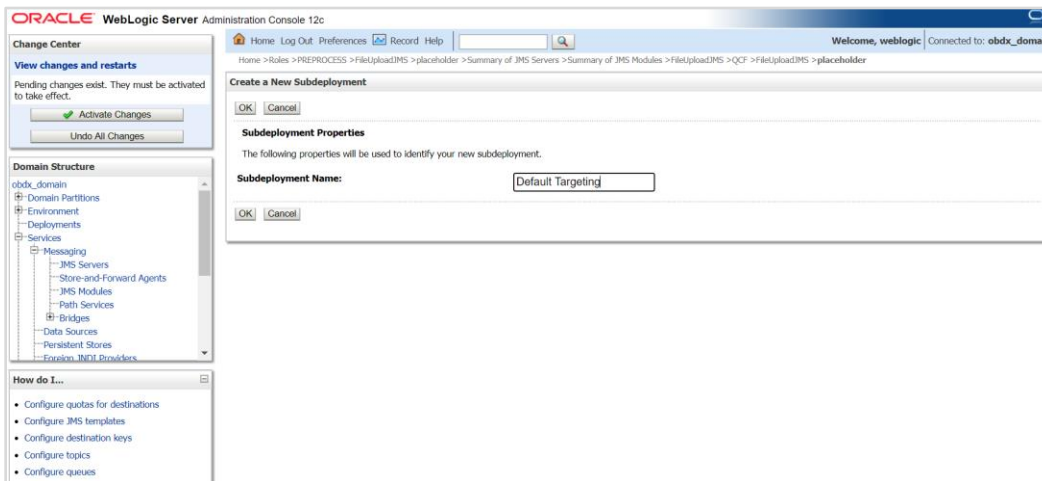
JNDI Name :- OCF

Subscription Sharing Policy :- Exclusive

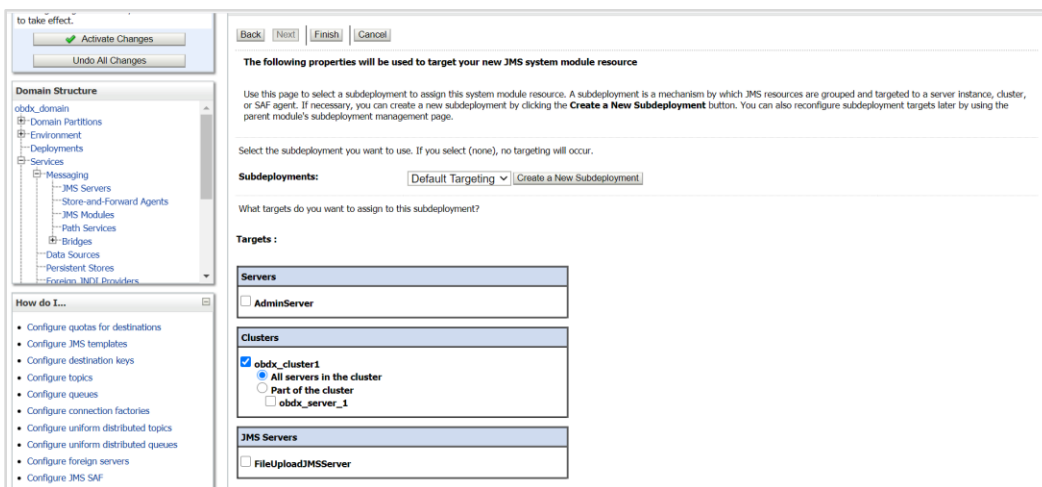
Client ID Policy :- Restricted



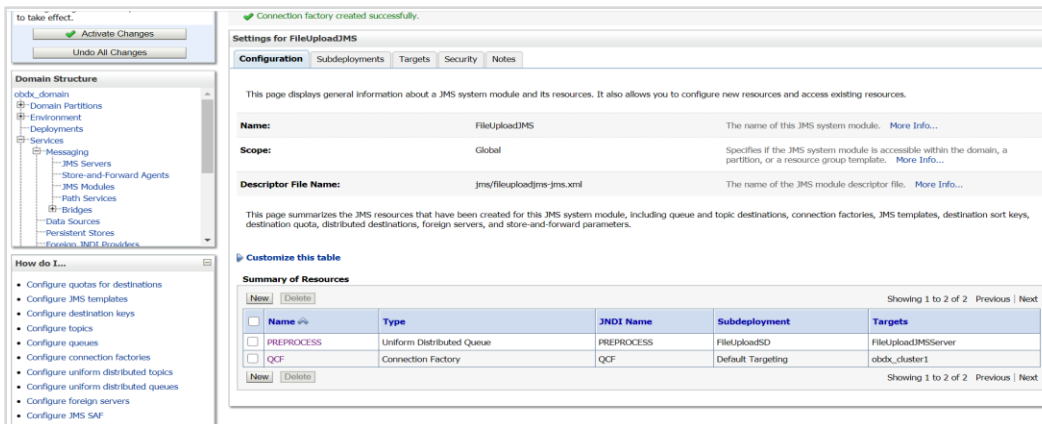
41. Click on Advanced targeting



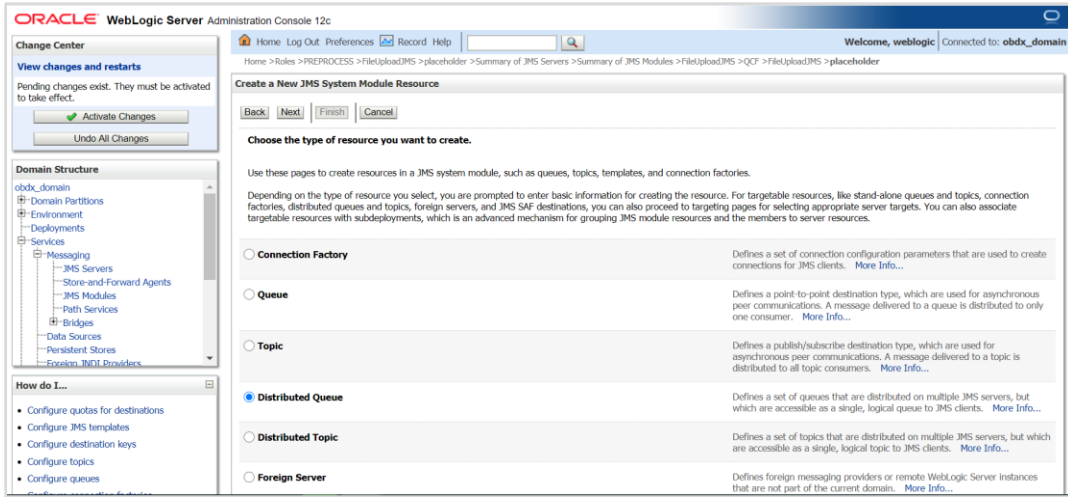
42. Provide Subdeployment Name as Default Targeting



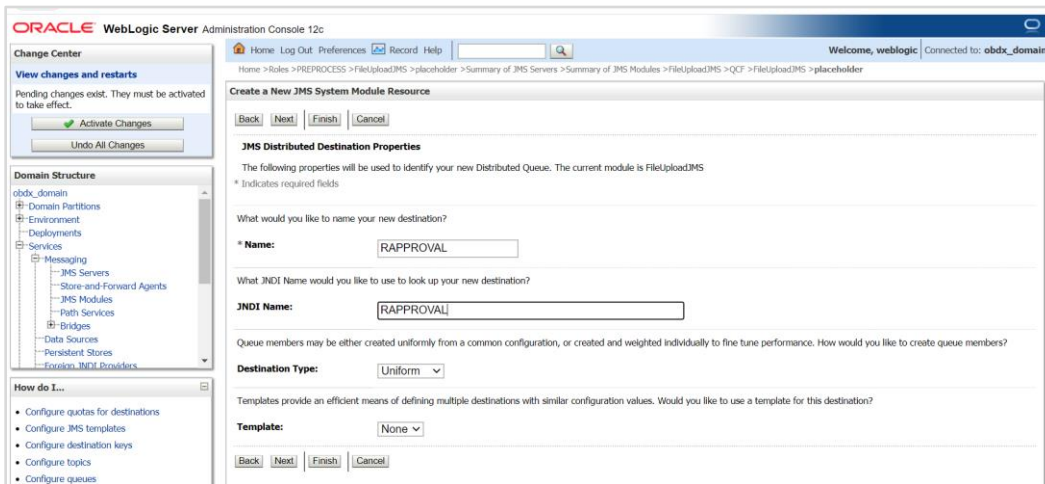
43. Select cluster and click on Finish



44. Go to FileUpload JMS click on New



45. Select Distributed Queue



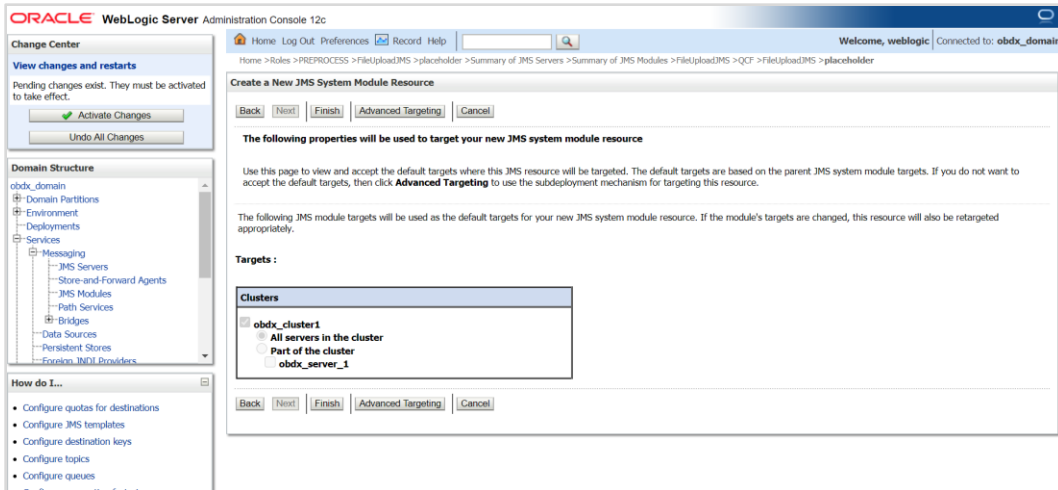
46. Provide

Name :- RAPPROVAL

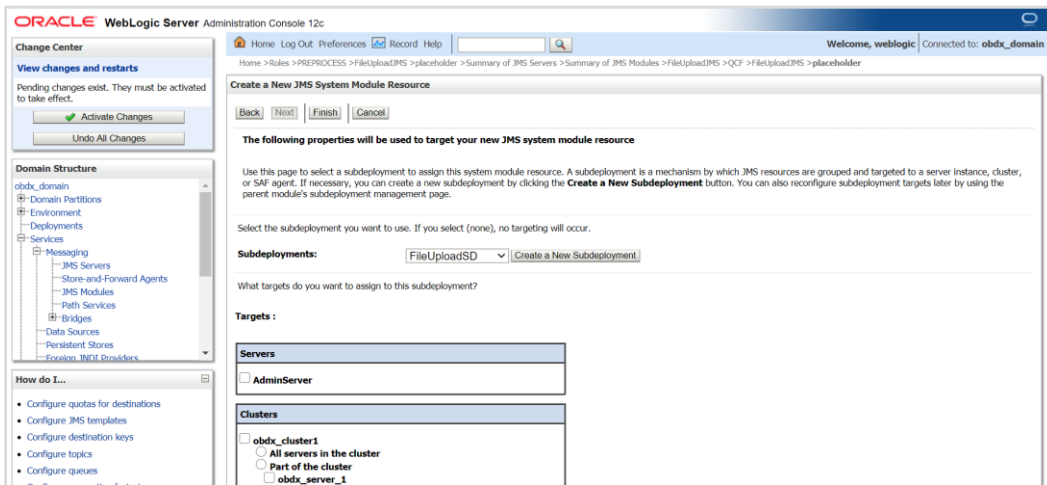
JNDI Name :- RAPPROVAL

Destination Type:- Uniform

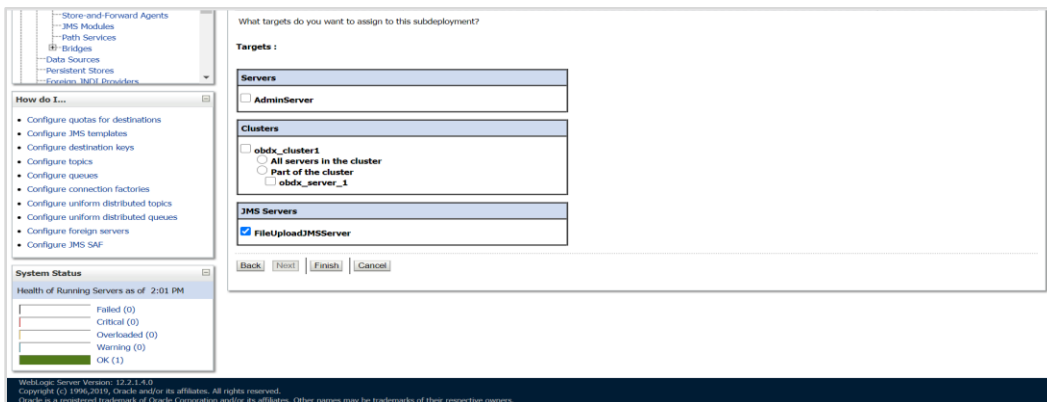
Template :- None



47. Select Advance targeting



48. Select Subdeployment :- FileUploadSD



49. Select FileUploadJMSServer and click on Finish

This page displays general information about a JMS system module and its resources. It also allows you to configure new resources and access existing resources.

Name: FileUploadJMS The name of this JMS system module. [More Info...](#)

Scope: Global Specifies if the JMS system module is accessible within the domain, a partition, or a resource group template. [More Info...](#)

Descriptor File Name: jms/fileuploadjms-jms.xml The name of the JMS module descriptor file. [More Info...](#)

This page summarizes the JMS resources that have been created for this JMS system module, including queue and topic destinations, connection factories, JMS templates, destination sort keys, destination quota, distributed destinations, foreign servers, and store-and-forward parameters.

[Customize this table](#)

Summary of Resources

[New](#) [Delete](#) Showing 1 to 3 of 3 [Previous](#) | [Next](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREPROCESS	Uniform Distributed Queue	PREPROCESS	FileUploadSD	FileUploadJMSServer
<input type="checkbox"/>	QCF	Connection Factory	QCF	Default Targeting	obdc_cluster1
<input type="checkbox"/>	RAPPROVAL	Uniform Distributed Queue	RAPPROVAL	FileUploadSD	FileUploadJMSServer

[New](#) [Delete](#) Showing 1 to 3 of 3 [Previous](#) | [Next](#)

System Status

Health of Running Servers as of 2:01 PM

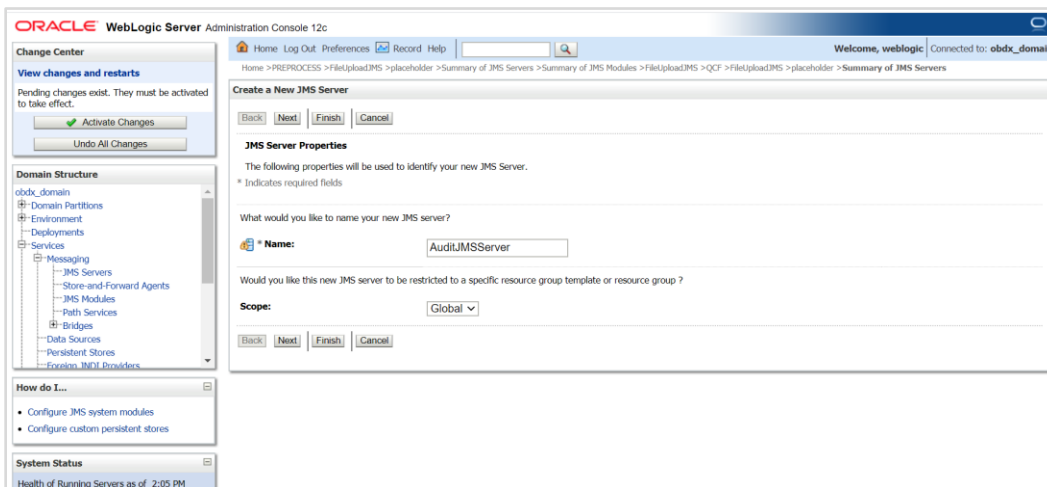
Failed (0)

Critical (0)

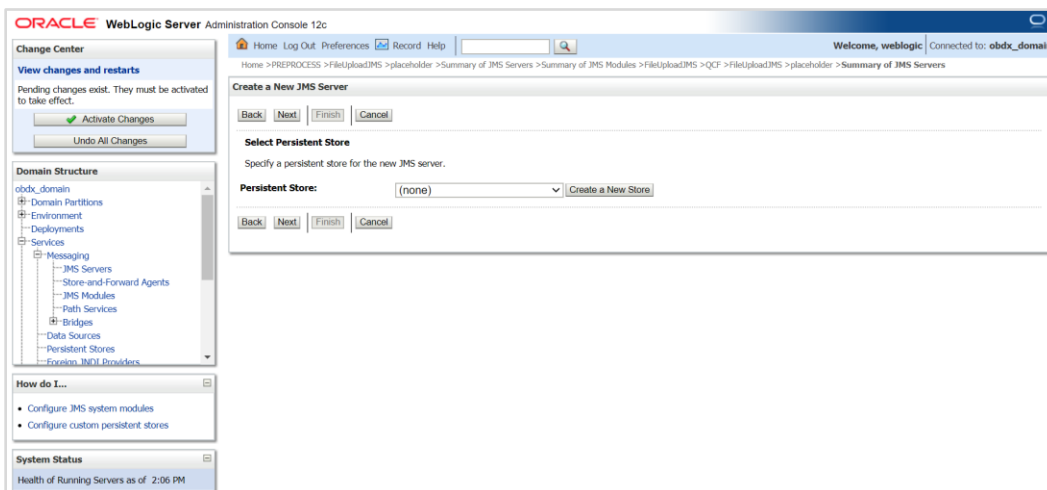
3.8 Creating WLS JMS AUDIT PS FileStore

3.9 Creating AuditJMSServer JMS Server

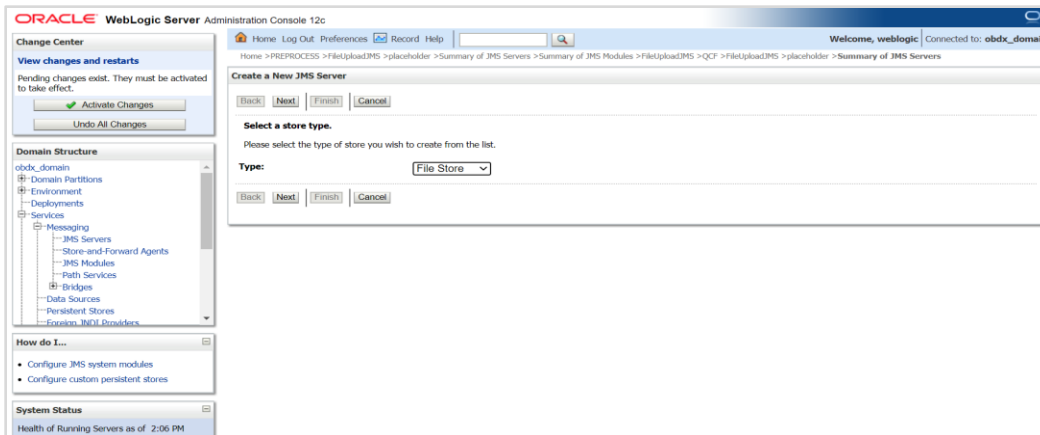
3.10 Creating WLS JMS REPORT PS FileStore



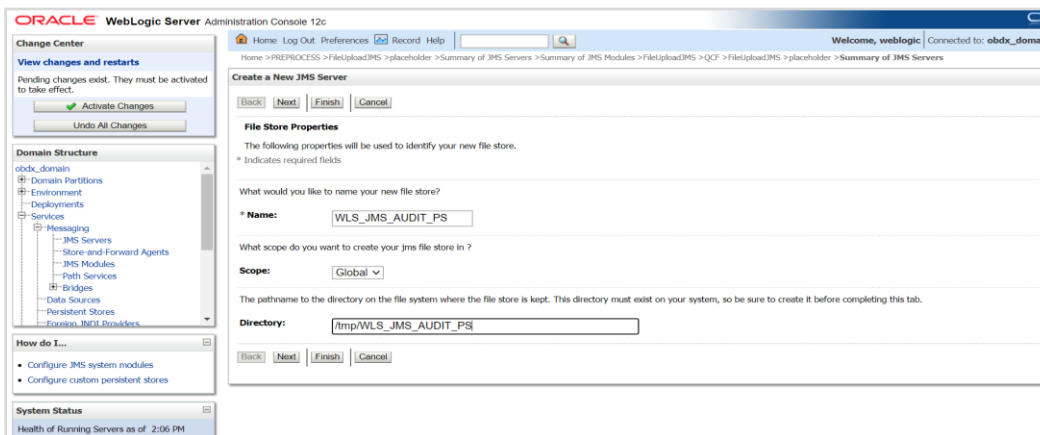
1. Click on JMS server and click on New
2. Provide Name as AuditJMSServer , Scope as Global



3. Click on Create a New Store



4. Select File Store

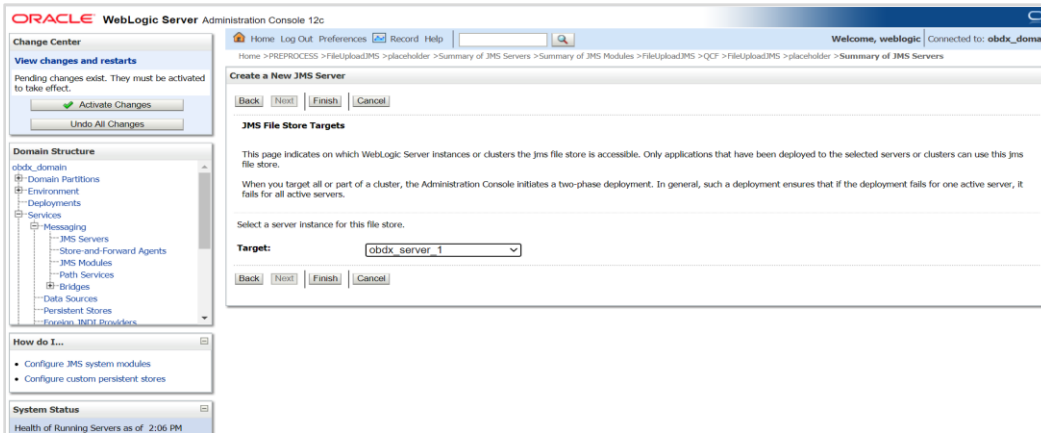


5. Provide

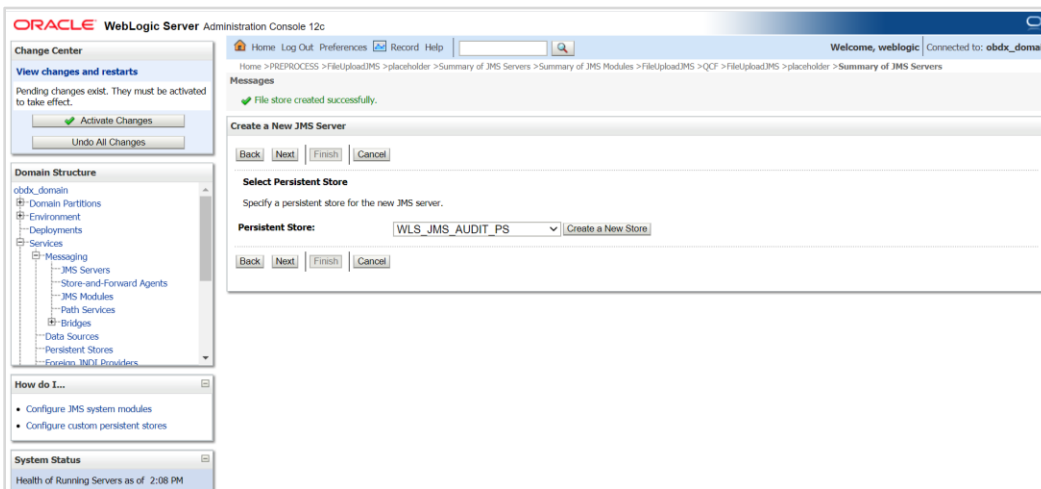
Name :- WLS_JMS_AUDIT_PS

Scope :- Global

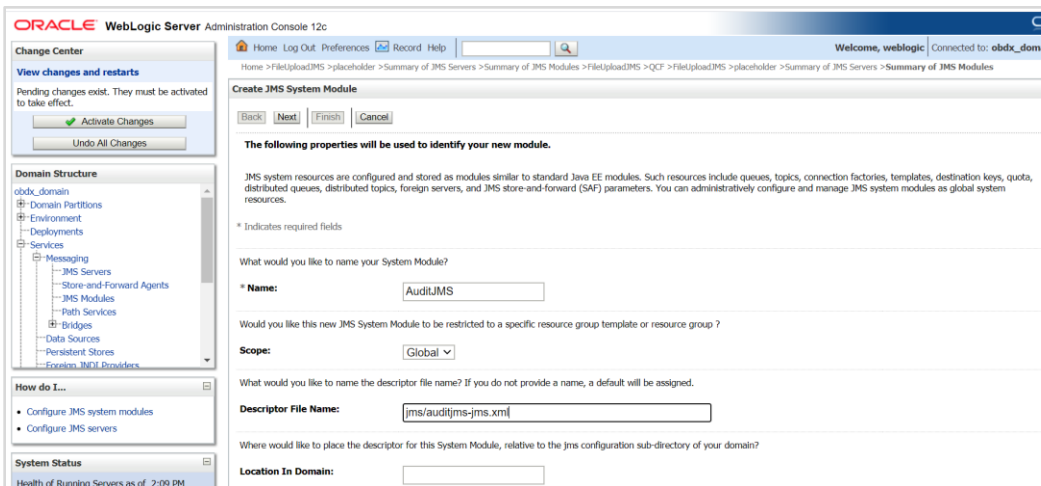
Directory :- /tmp/WLS_JMS_AUDIT_PS



6. Select Target as managed server and click on Finish



7. Select the new store created WLS_JMS_AUDIT_PS and click on Next

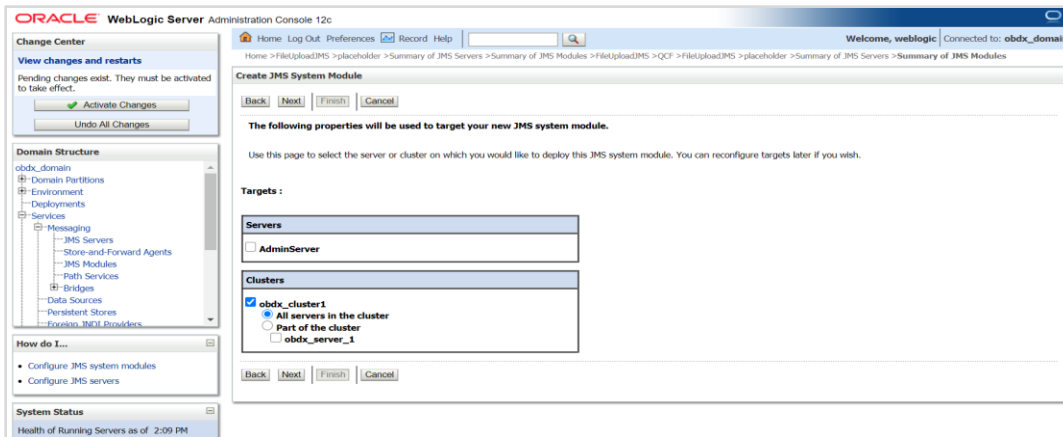


8. Provide

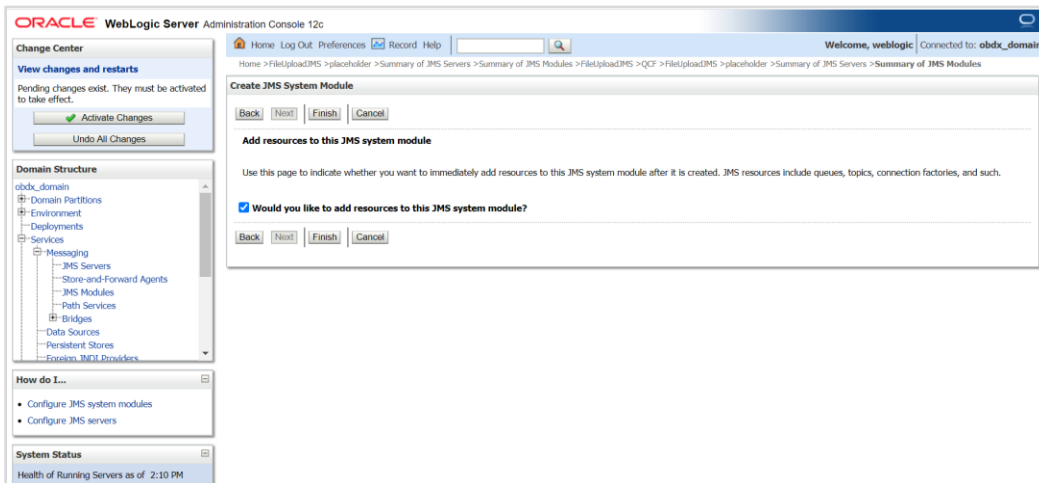
Name :- AuditJMS

Scope :- Global

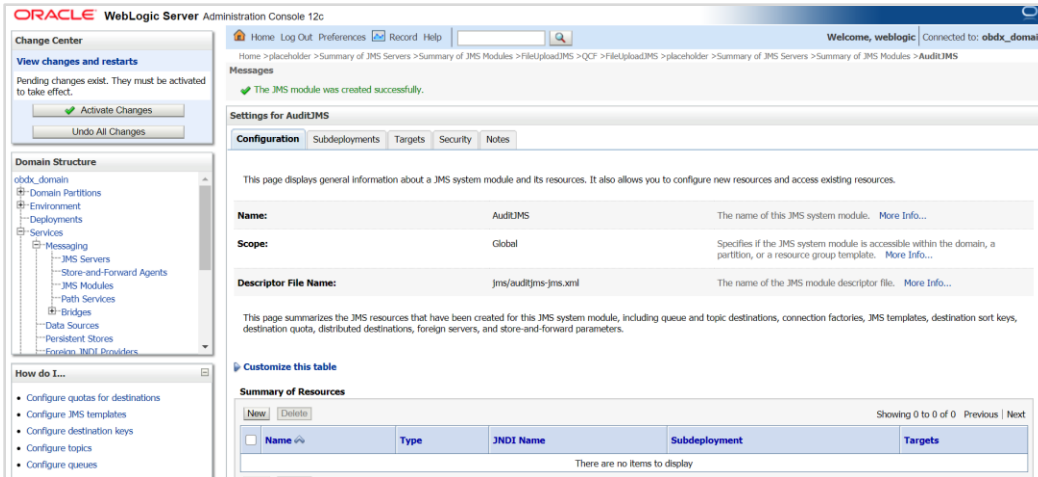
Descriptor File Name:- jms/auditjms-jms.xml



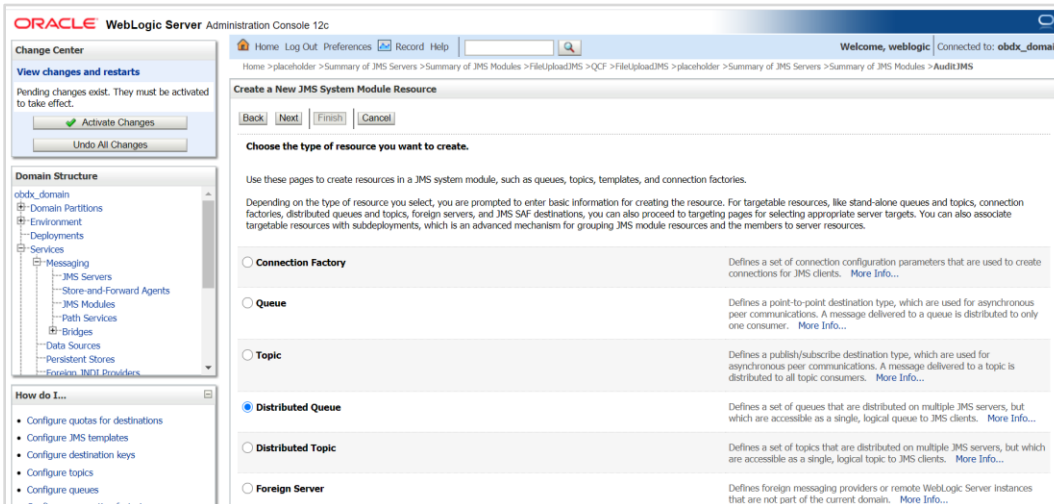
9. Select Cluster as a target



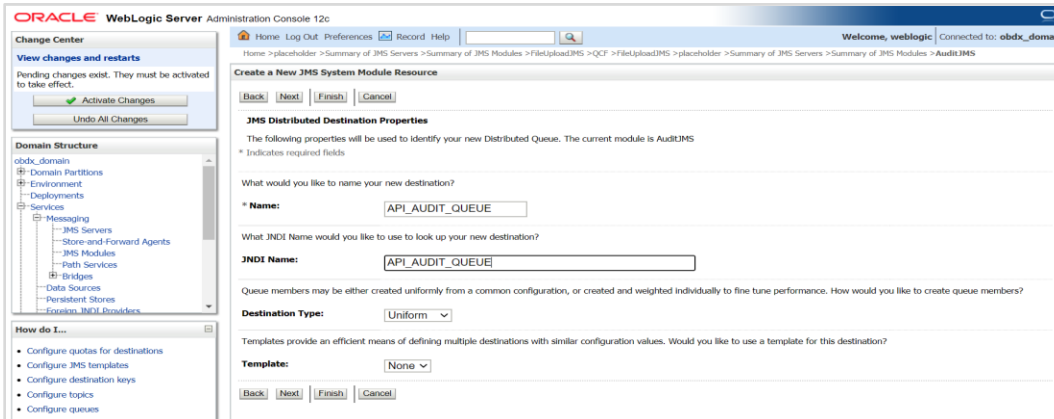
10. Select would you like to add resource to this JMS system module?



11. Click on new



12. Select Distributed Queue

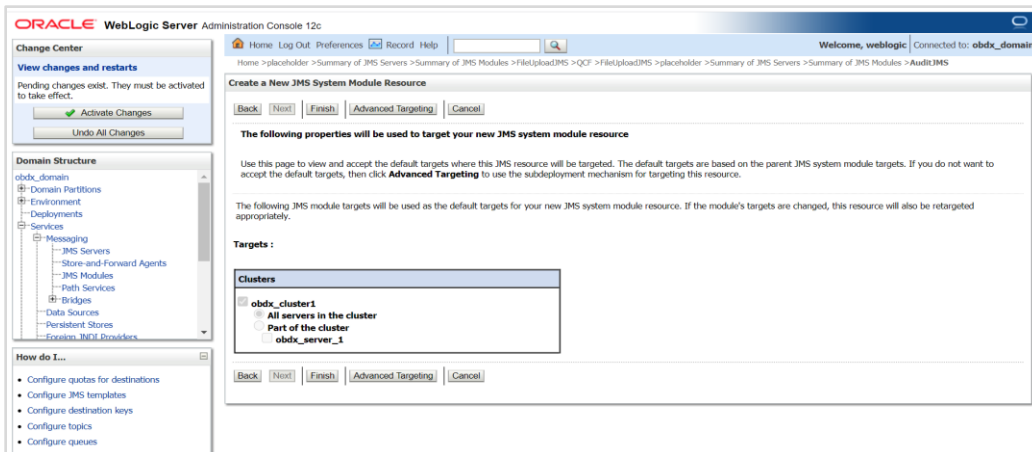


13. Name:- API_AUDIT_QUEUE

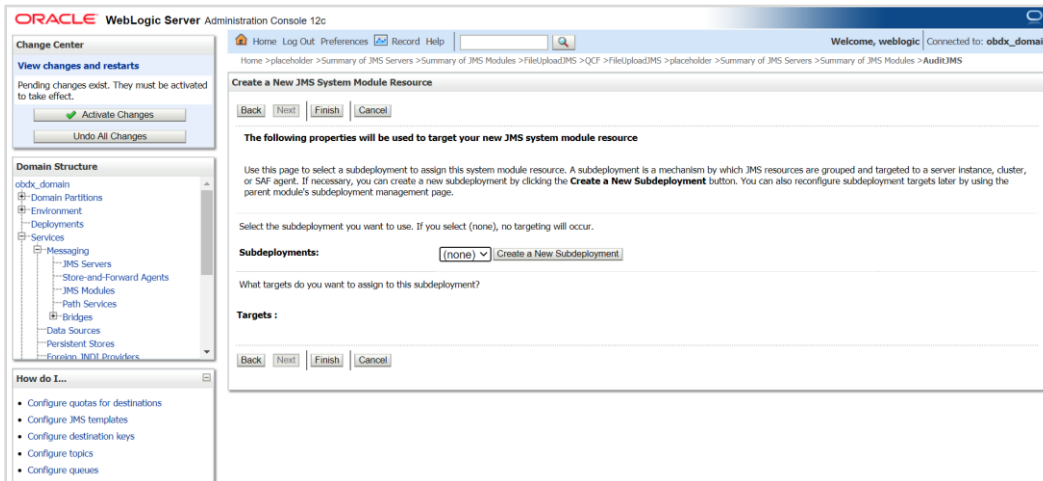
JNDI Name:- API_AUDIT_QUEUE

Destination Type :- Uniform

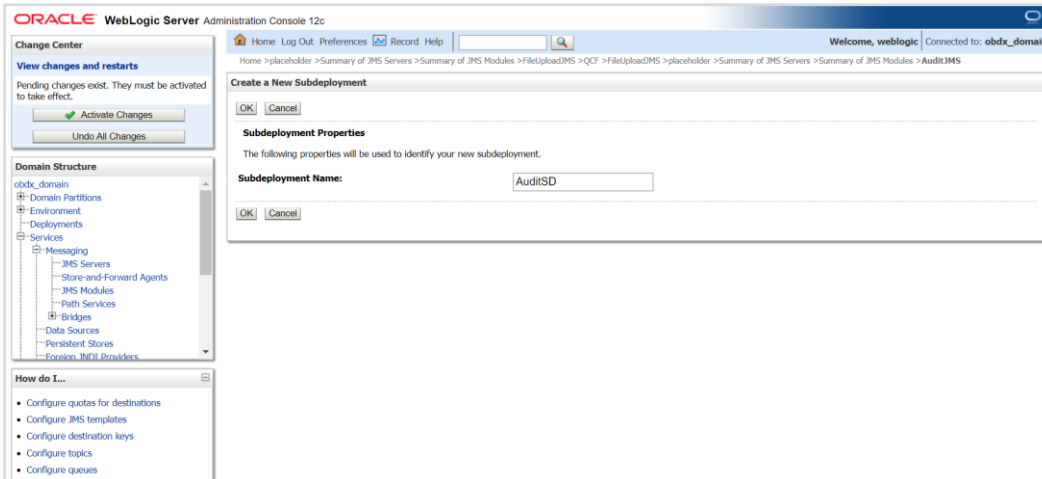
Template:- None



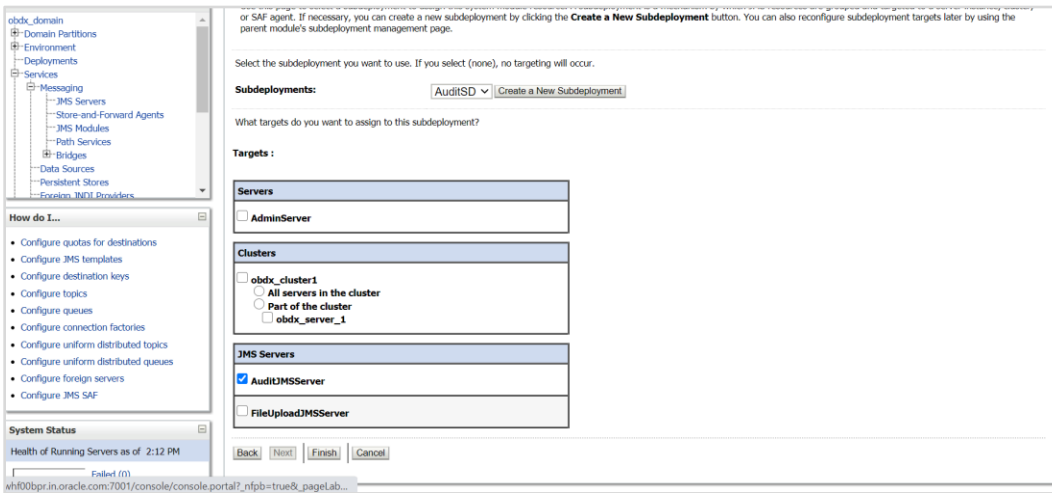
14. Select Advance targeting



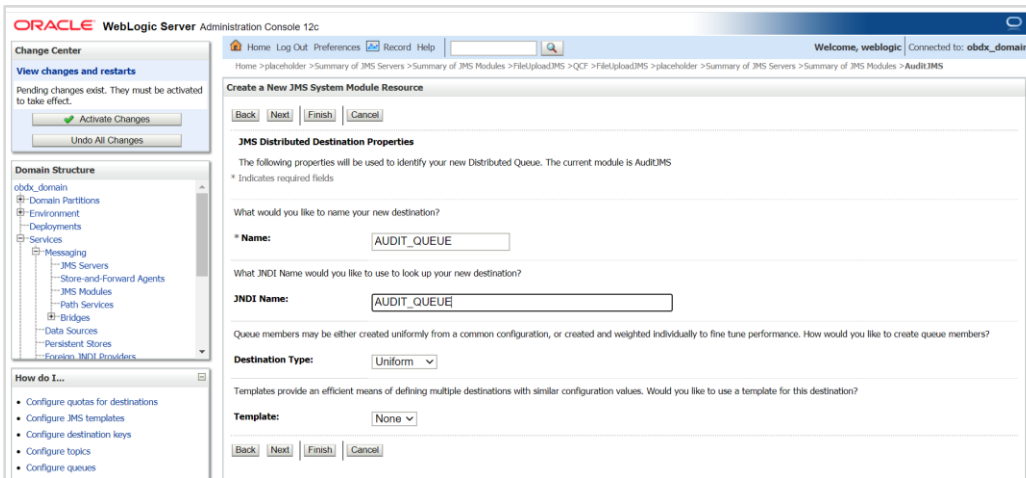
15. Click on Create a New Subdeployment

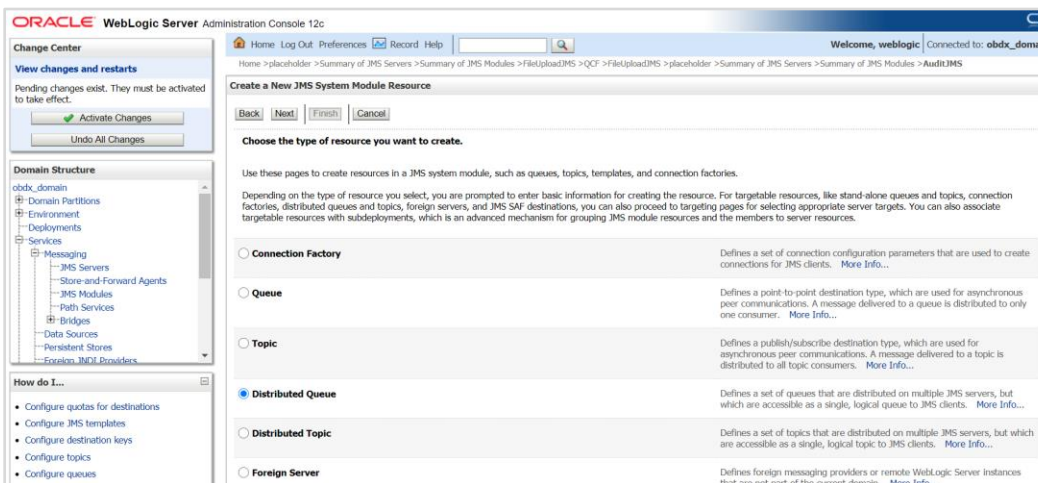
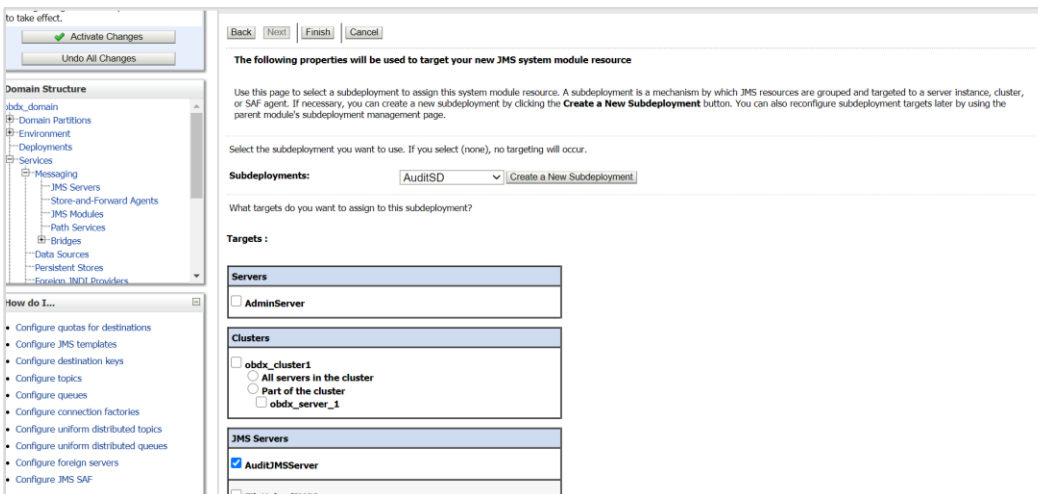
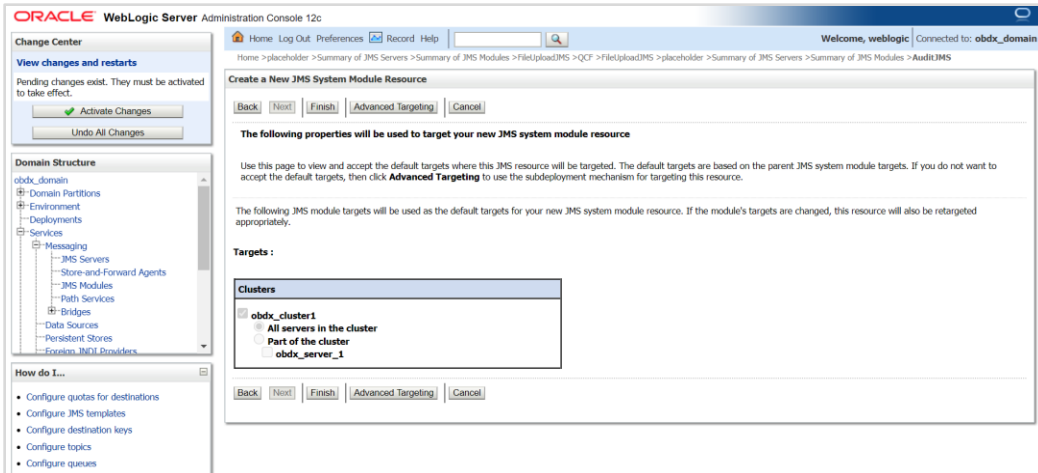


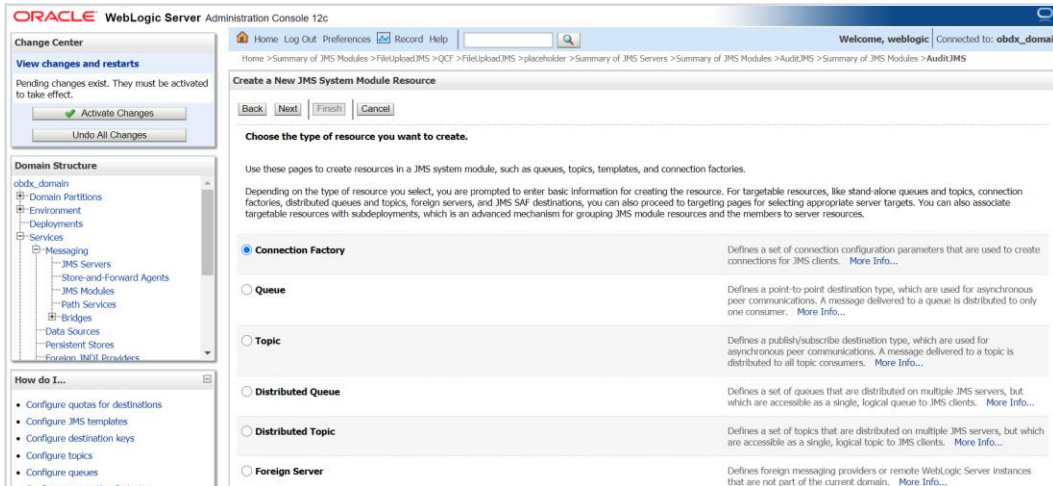
16. Provide Subdeployment Name as AuditSD



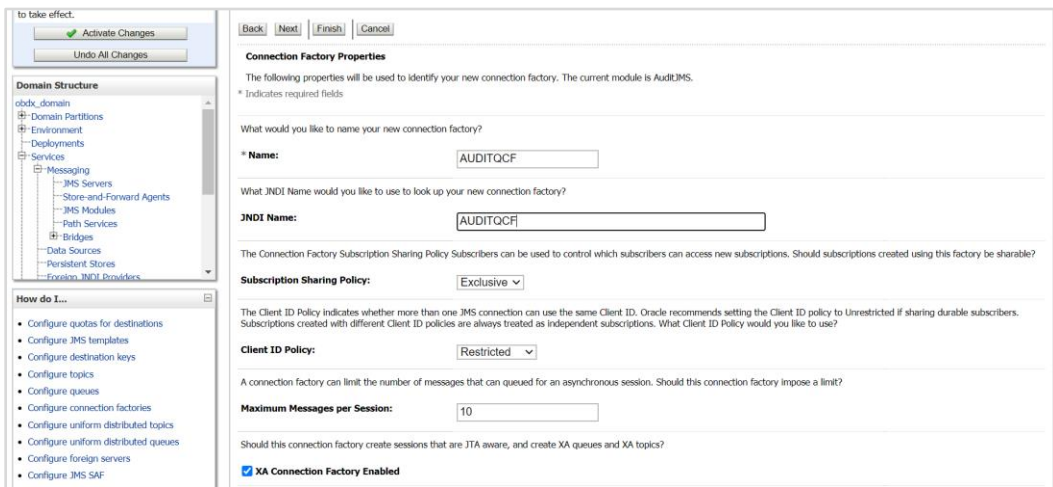
17. Select Target as AuditJMS Server







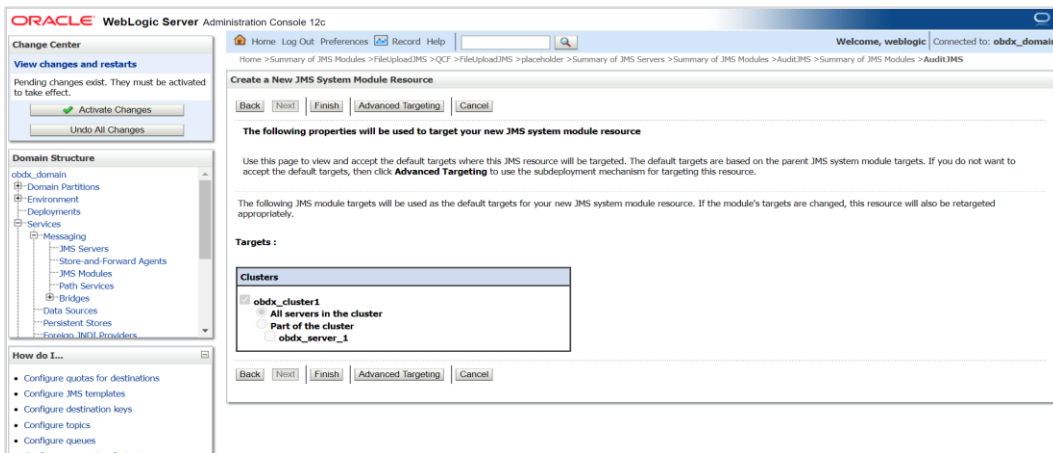
18. Click on connection Factory



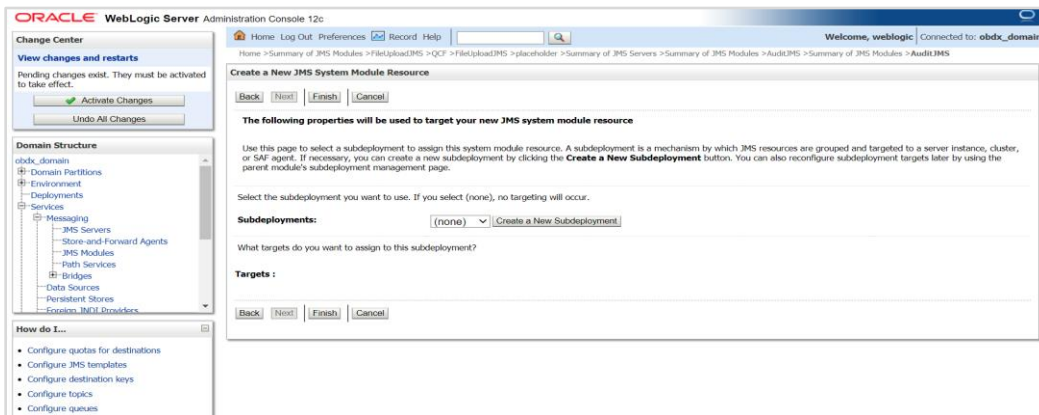
19. Provide

Name :- AUDITQCF

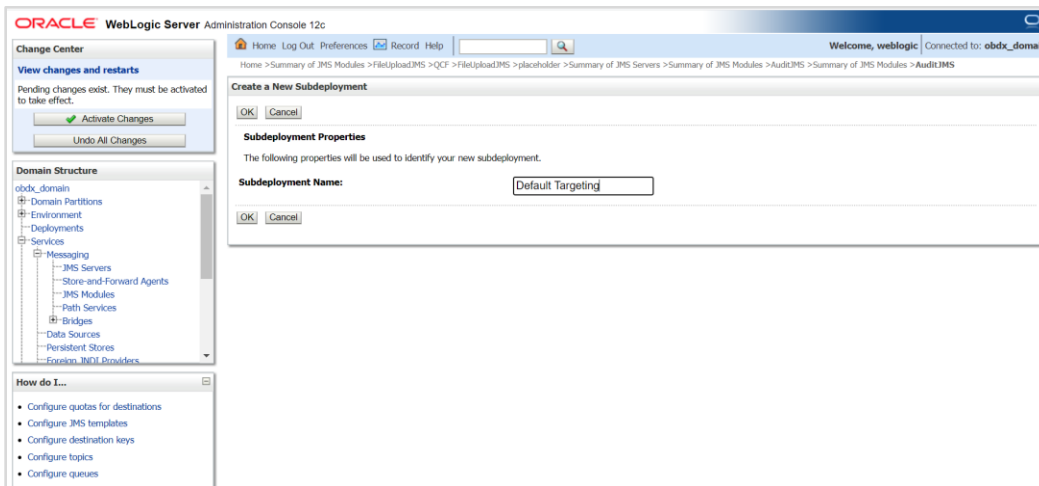
JNDI Name :- AUDITQCF



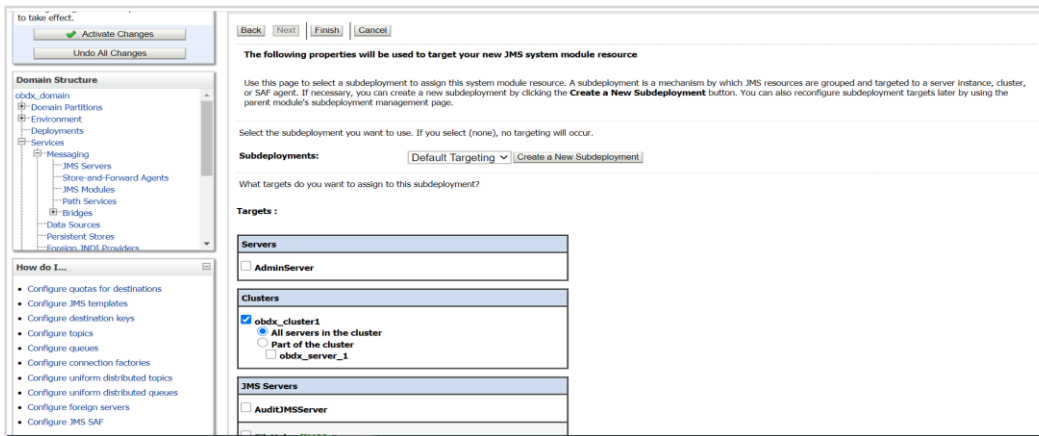
20. Click on Advanced Targeting



21. Click on Create a New Subdeployment



22. Give Subdeployment Name as Default Targeting



23. Under AuditJMS module Create Uniform Distrubuted Queue and connection Factory as show below in the screen shot

to take effect.

Activate Changes

Undo All Changes

Domain Structure

- obdx_domain
- Domain Partitions
- Environment
- Deployments
- Services
 - Messaging
 - JMS Servers
 - Store-and Forward Agents
 - JMS Modules
 - Path Services
 - Bridges
 - Data Sources
 - Persistent Stores
 - Foreign JNDI Providers

How do I...

- Configure quotas for destinations
- Configure JMS templates
- Configure destination keys
- Configure topics
- Configure queues
- Configure connection factories
- Configure uniform distributed topics
- Configure uniform distributed queues
- Configure foreign servers
- Configure JMS SAs

Settings for AuditJMS

Configuration Subdeployments Targets Security Notes

This page displays general information about a JMS system module and its resources. It also allows you to configure new resources and access existing resources.

Name: AuditJMS The name of this JMS system module. [More Info...](#)

Scope: Global Specifies if the JMS system module is accessible within the domain, a partition, or a resource group template. [More Info...](#)

Descriptor File Name: jms/auditjms-jms.xml The name of the JMS module descriptor file. [More Info...](#)

This page summarizes the JMS resources that have been created for this JMS system module, including queue and topic destinations, connection factories, JMS templates, destination sort keys, destination quotas, distributed destinations, foreign servers, and store-and-forward parameters.

Customize this table

Summary of Resources

New Delete Showing 1 to 3 of 3 Previous Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	API_AUDIT_QUEUE	Uniform Distributed Queue	API_AUDIT_QUEUE	AuditSD	AuditJMSServer
<input type="checkbox"/>	AUDITQCF	Connection Factory	AUDITQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_cluster1
<input type="checkbox"/>	AUDIT_QUEUE	Uniform Distributed Queue	AUDIT_QUEUE	AuditSD	AuditJMSServer

New Delete Showing 1 to 3 of 3 Previous Next

3.11 Creating ReportsJMSServer JMS Server

1. Similarly Create ReportsJMSServer under JMS Server and ReportsJMSModule under JMS Module

Change Center
 View changes and restarts
 Pending changes exist. They must be activated to take effect.
 [Activate Changes] [Undo All Changes]

Domain Structure
 obdx_domain
 Domain Partitions
 Environment
 Deployments
 Services
 Messaging
 JMS Servers
 Store and Forward Agents
 JMS Modules
 Path Services
 Bridges
 Data Sources
 Persistent Stores
 Foreign JNDI Providers

Summary of JMS Servers
 JMS servers act as management containers for the queues and topics in JMS modules that are targeted to them. This page summarizes the JMS servers that have been created in the current WebLogic Server domain.

Customize this table
 JMS Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Name	Persistent Store	Target	Current Target	Health
<input type="checkbox"/> AuditJMSServer	WLS_JMS_AUDIT_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	
<input type="checkbox"/> FileUploadJMSServer	WLS_JMS_FILEUPLOAD_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	
<input type="checkbox"/> ReportsJMSServer	WLS_JMS_REPORT_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	

Change Center
 View changes and restarts
 Pending changes exist. They must be activated to take effect.
 [Activate Changes] [Undo All Changes]

Domain Structure
 obdx_domain
 Domain Partitions
 Environment
 Deployments
 Services
 Messaging
 JMS Servers
 Store and Forward Agents
 JMS Modules
 Path Services
 Bridges
 Data Sources
 Persistent Stores
 Foreign JNDI Providers

Summary of JMS Modules
 JMS system resources are configured and stored as modules similar to standard Java EE modules. Such resources include queues, topics, connection factories, templates, destination keys, quota, distributed queues, distributed topics, foreign servers, and JMS store-and-forward (SAF) parameters. You can administratively configure and manage JMS system modules as global system resources. This page summarizes the JMS system modules that have been created for this domain.

Customize this table
 JMS Modules (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Name	Type
<input type="checkbox"/> AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource
<input type="checkbox"/> FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource
<input type="checkbox"/> ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource

Change Center
 View changes and restarts
 Pending changes exist. They must be activated to take effect.
 [Activate Changes] [Undo All Changes]

Domain Structure
 obdx_domain
 Domain Partitions
 Environment
 Deployments
 Services
 Messaging
 JMS Servers
 Store and Forward Agents
 JMS Modules
 Path Services
 Bridges
 Data Sources
 Persistent Stores
 Foreign JNDI Providers

Settings for ReportsJMSModule
 Configuration Subdeployments Targets Security Notes

This page displays general information about a JMS system module and its resources. It also allows you to configure new resources and access existing resources.

Name: ReportsJMSModule
 The name of this JMS system module. [More Info...](#)

Scope: Global
 Specifies if the JMS system module is accessible within the domain, a partition, or a resource group template. [More Info...](#)

Descriptor File Name: jms/reportsjmsmodule-jms.xml
 The name of the JMS module descriptor file. [More Info...](#)

This page summarizes the JMS resources that have been created for this JMS system module, including queue and topic destinations, connection factories, JMS templates, destination sort keys, destination quota, distributed destinations, foreign servers, and store-and-forward parameters.

Customize this table
 Summary of Resources

Name	Type	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/> REPORTADHOC	Uniform Distributed Queue	REPORTADHOC	ReportsSubdeployment	ReportsJMSServer
<input type="checkbox"/> REPORTSCHEDULED	Uniform Distributed Queue	REPORTSCHEDULED	ReportsSubdeployment	ReportsJMSServer
<input type="checkbox"/> ReportsQCF	Connection Factory	ReportsQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_cluster1

2. Under ReportsJMSModule create UniformDistributed Queue and connection factory as show above in the screen shot.

REPORTADHOC – Uniform Distributed Queue

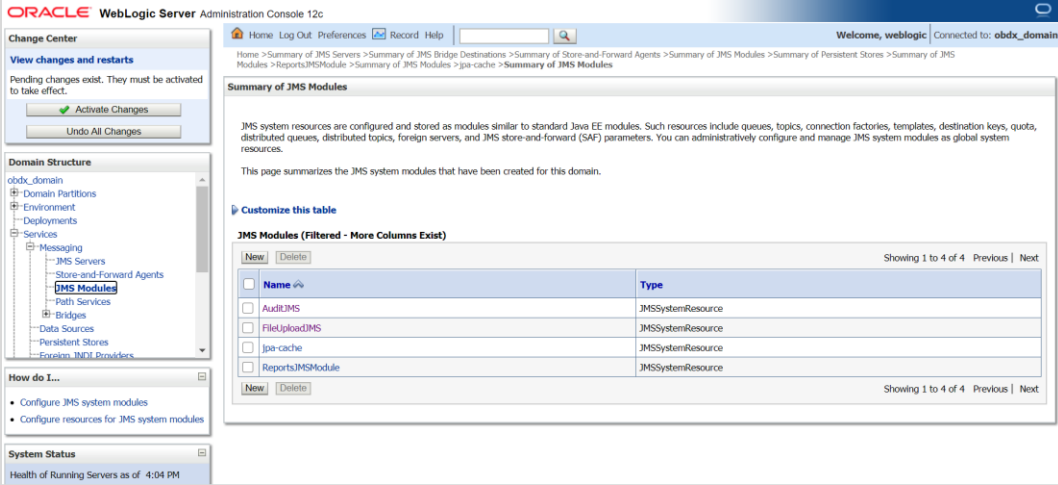
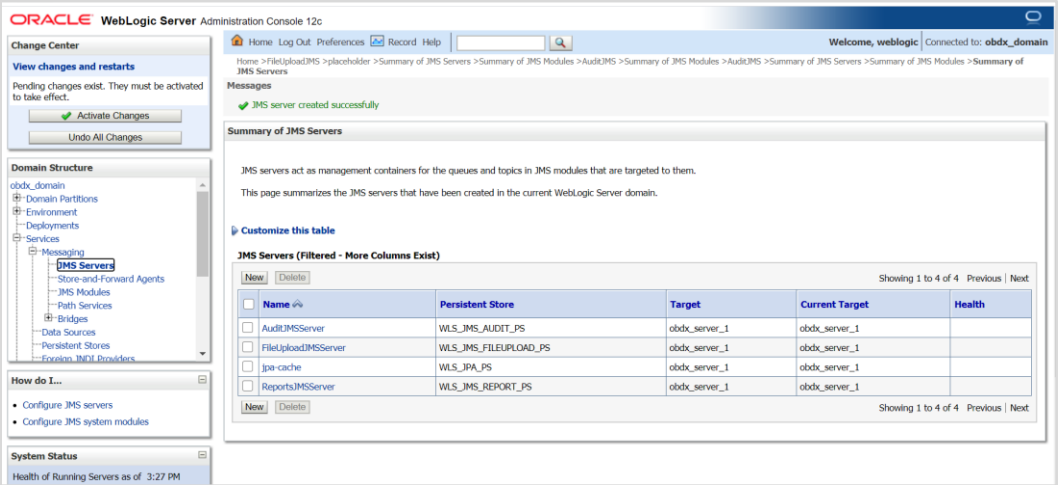
REPORTSCHEDULED -- Uniform Distributed Queue

ReportsQCF – Connection Factory

3.12 Creating jpa-cache JMS Server

3.13 Creating WLS JPA PS FileStore

Create jpa-cache JMS server and jpa-cache JMS Module as show in below screen shot



1. Under jpa-cache JMS Module create connection Factory and Uniform Distrubed topic as shown in below screen shot

Jms/jpa-cache-cf --- Connection Factory

Jms/jpa-cache-topic --- Uniform Distributed Topic

to take effect.

Domain Structure

- obdx_domain
 - Domain Partitions
 - Environment
 - Deployments
 - Services
 - Messaging
 - JMS Servers
 - Store-and-Forward Agents
 - JMS Modules
 - Path Services
 - Bridges
 - Data Sources
 - Persistent Stores
 - Foreign JNDI Providers

How do I...

- Configure quotas for destinations
- Configure JMS templates
- Configure destination keys
- Configure topics
- Configure queues
- Configure connection factories
- Configure uniform distributed topics
- Configure uniform distributed queues
- Configure foreign servers
- Configure JMS SAF

✔ The JMS distributed topic was created successfully.

Settings for jpa-cache

Configuration | Subdeployments | Targets | Security | Notes

This page displays general information about a JMS system module and its resources. It also allows you to configure new resources and access existing resources.

Name: jpa-cache The name of this JMS system module. [More Info...](#)

Scope: Global Specifies if the JMS system module is accessible within the domain, a partition, or a resource group template. [More Info...](#)

Descriptor File Name: jms/jpa-cache-jms.xml The name of the JMS module descriptor file. [More Info...](#)

This page summarizes the JMS resources that have been created for this JMS system module, including queue and topic destinations, connection factories, JMS templates, destination sort keys, destination quota, distributed destinations, foreign servers, and store-and-forward parameters.

[Customize this table](#)

Summary of Resources

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous | Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	.jms/jpa-cache-cf	Connection Factory	./jms/jpa-cache-cf	Default Targeting	obdx_cluster1
<input type="checkbox"/>	./jms/jpa-cache-topic	Uniform Distributed Topic	./jms/jpa-cache-topic	jpa-cache-sd	jpa-cache

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous | Next

3.14 Creating ExtSystemReceiver JMS Server -- WLS JMS_EXTSYSRECEIVER_PS FileStore

1. Create ExtSystemReceiver JMS Server Persistent store file store as WLS_JMS_EXTSYSRECEIVER_PS as show in below screen shot.

to take effect.

Domain Structure

- obdx_domain
 - Domain Partitions
 - Environment
 - Deployments
 - Services
 - Messaging
 - JMS Servers**
 - Store-and-Forward Agents
 - JMS Modules
 - Path Services
 - Bridges
 - Data Sources
 - Persistent Stores
 - Foreign JNDI Providers

How do I...

- Configure JMS servers
- Configure JMS system modules

System Status

Health of Running Servers as of 3:32 PM

- Failed (0)
- Critical (0)
- Overloaded (0)
- Warning (0)
- OK (1)

Summary of JMS Servers

JMS servers act as management containers for the queues and topics in JMS modules that are targeted to them. This page summarizes the JMS servers that have been created in the current WebLogic Server domain.

Customize this table

JMS Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Name	Persistent Store	Target	Current Target	Health
AuditJMS	WLS_JMS_AUDIT_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	
ExtSystemReceiver	WLS_JMS_EXTSYSRECEIVER_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	
FileUploadJMS	WLS_JMS_FILEUPLOAD_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	
jpa-cache	WLS_JPA_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	
ReportsJMS	WLS_JMS_REPORT_PS	obdx_server_1	obdx_server_1	

Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous Next

2. Create ExtSystemReceiver JMS Module as below

to take effect.

Domain Structure

- obdx_domain
 - Domain Partitions
 - Environment
 - Deployments
 - Services
 - Messaging
 - JMS Servers
 - Store-and-Forward Agents
 - JMS Modules**
 - Path Services
 - Bridges
 - Data Sources
 - Persistent Stores
 - Foreign JNDI Providers

How do I...

- Configure JMS system modules
- Configure resources for JMS system modules

System Status

Health of Running Servers as of 4:16 PM

- Failed (0)
- Critical (0)
- Overloaded (0)
- Warning (0)
- OK (1)

Summary of JMS Modules

JMS system resources are configured and stored as modules similar to standard Java EE modules. Such resources include queues, topics, connection factories, templates, destination keys, quota, distributed queues, distributed topics, foreign servers, and JMS store-and-forward (SAF) parameters. You can administratively configure and manage JMS system modules as global system resources. This page summarizes the JMS system modules that have been created for this domain.

Customize this table

JMS Modules (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Name	Type
AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource
ExtSystemReceiver	JMSSystemResource
FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource
jpa-cache	JMSSystemResource
ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource

Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous Next

3. Create ExtSystemReceiverQCF – connection Factory and ExtSystemReceiverQueue – uniform Distributed Queue in ExtSystemReceiver JMS Module refer below screen shot

The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Administration Console interface. At the top, a green message states: "The JMS distributed queue was created successfully." Below this, the "Settings for ExtSystemReceiver" page is displayed, with the "Configuration" tab selected. The page contains several configuration fields:

- Name:** ExtSystemReceiver (The name of this JMS system module. [More Info...](#))
- Scope:** Global (Specifies if the JMS system module is accessible within the domain, a partition, or a resource group template. [More Info...](#))
- Descriptor File Name:** jms/extsystemreceiver-jms.xml (The name of the JMS module descriptor file. [More Info...](#))

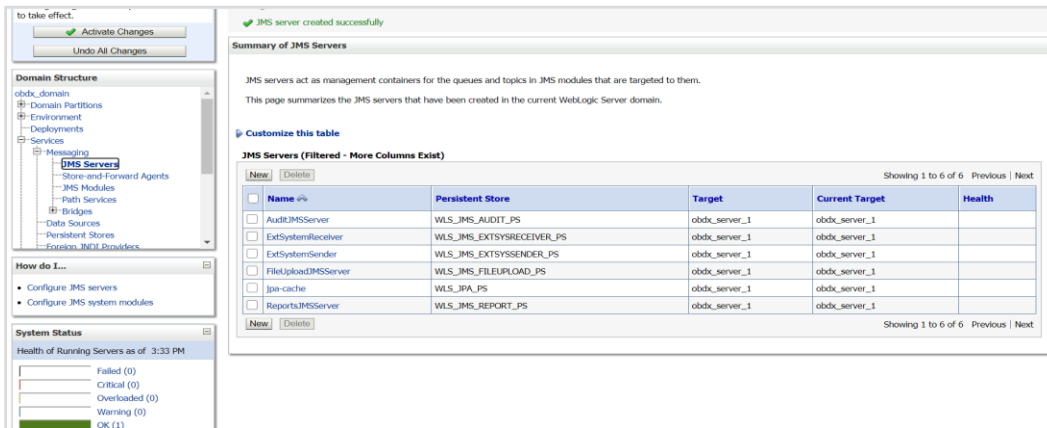
Below the configuration fields, there is a "Summary of Resources" table. The table has columns for Name, Type, JNDI Name, Subdeployment, and Targets. It lists two resources:

Name	Type	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_cluster1
ExtSystemReceiverQueue	Uniform Distributed Queue	ExtSystemReceiverQueue	ExtSystemReceiverSub	ExtSystemReceiver

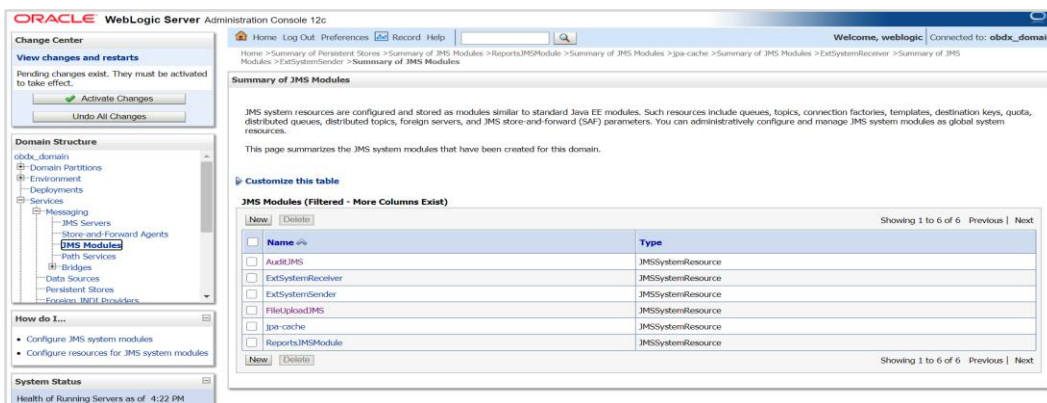
On the left side of the console, the "Domain Structure" tree is visible, showing the hierarchy from obdx_domain down to ExtSystemReceiver. Below the tree, a "How do I..." section provides links to various configuration tasks, such as "Configure JMS templates" and "Configure JMS SAF".

3.15 Creating ExtSystemSender JMS Server Persistent Store FileStore as WLS JMS EXTSYSENDER PS

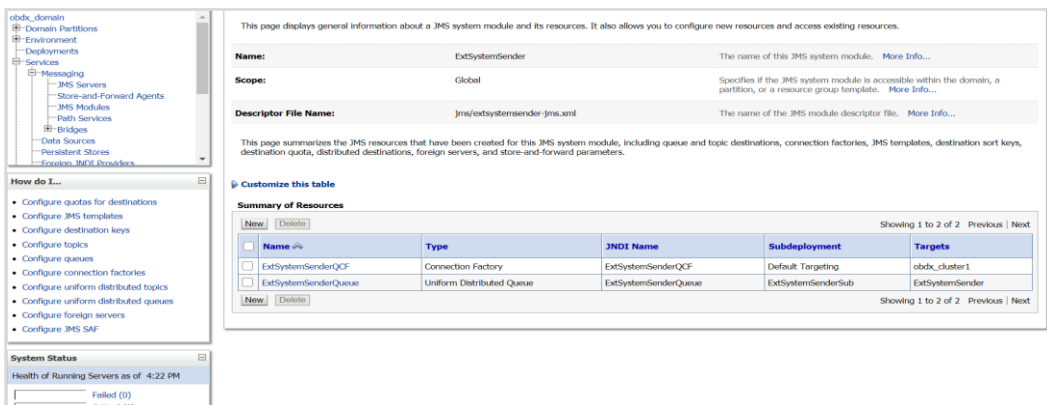
As show below create JMS Server ExtSystemSender



1. Create ExtSystemSender JMS Module



2. Under ExtSystemSender JMS Module create ExtSystemSenderQCF – connection Factory and ExtSystemSenderQueue – Uniform Distributed Queue as show below



3.16 Creating UBSSystemModule JMS Server

1. In JMSModule create UBSSystemModule

The screenshot shows the 'Summary of JMS Modules' page. On the left, the 'Domain Structure' tree is expanded to 'JMS Modules'. The 'How do I...' section lists 'Configure JMS system modules' and 'Configure resources for JMS system modules'. The 'System Status' shows 'Health of Running Servers as of 4:24 PM' with 'OK (1)'. The main content area has a 'Summary of JMS Modules' section with an introduction and a 'Customize this table' section. Below is a table of JMS Modules:

Name	Type
AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource
ExtSystemReceiver	JMSSystemResource
ExtSystemSender	JMSSystemResource
FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource
Jpa-cache	JMSSystemResource
ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource
UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource

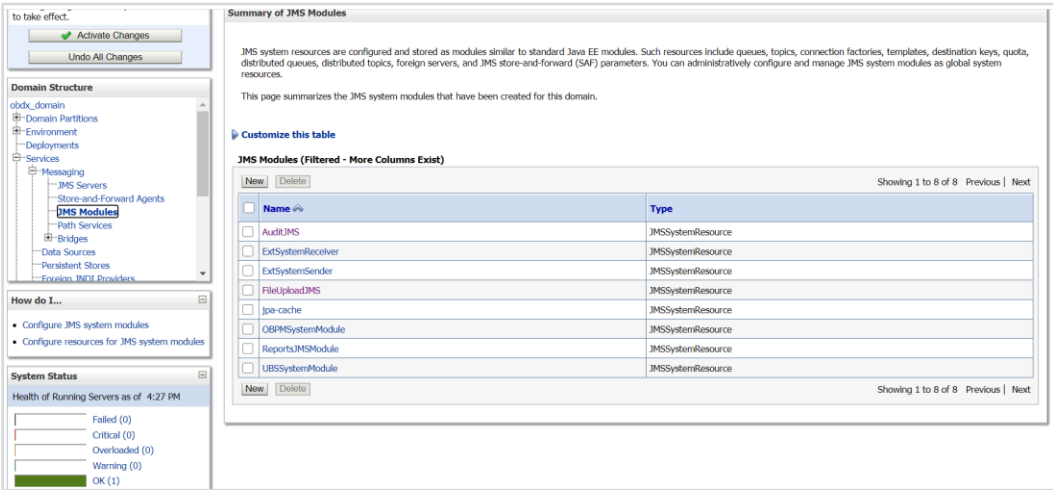
2. Under UBSSystemModule create UBSSForeignServer – Foreign Server as shown below

The screenshot shows the 'Settings for UBSSystemModule' page. The 'Configuration' tab is active. A message at the top says 'The foreign server was created successfully.' The page displays general information about the JMS system module and its resources. The 'Name' is 'UBSSystemModule', 'Scope' is 'Global', and 'Descriptor File Name' is 'jms/ubssystemmodule-jms.xml'. Below is a 'Summary of Resources' section with a table:

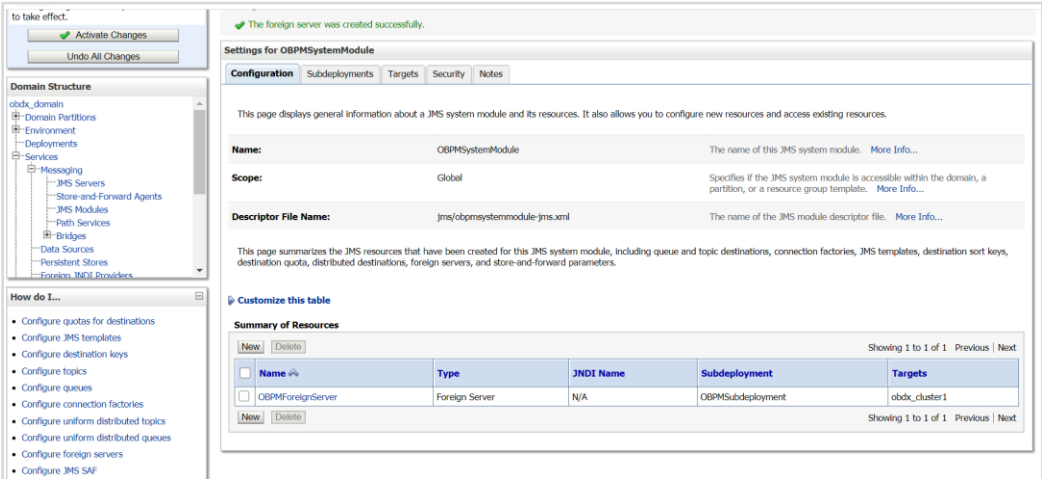
Name	Type	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
UBSSForeignServer	Foreign Server	N/A	UBSSubdeployment	obdc_cluster1

3.17 Creating OBPMForeignServer JMS Server

1. In JMSModule create OBPMSystemModule



2. Under OBPMSystemModule create OBPMForeignServer – Foreign Server as show below in screen shot



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4. Deploying Applications

Deployment of Lib and Apps

`${MW_HOME}/wserver/common/deployable-libraries/jax-rs-2.0.war` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.domain.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.framework.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.extsystem.domain.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.core.domain.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.thirdparty.app.domain.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.rest.idm.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/BatchResourceAdapter.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/AuditMDBEAR.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/com.ofss.digx.app.connector.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.mdb.report.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.timer.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.oauth.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/obdx/deploy/obdx.app.oauth.rest.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/cz/obdx.cz.app.domain.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/cz/obdx.cz.extsystem.domain.ear` (Target - obdx_cluster, AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/cz/obdx.cz.thirdparty.app.domain.ear` (Target -
obdx_cluster,AdminServer)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/ubs/deploy/obdx.app.soap.ear` (Target -
obdx_cluster)

`${OBDX_INSTALLER}/installables/app/components/thp/deploy/ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB.ear`
(Target - obdx_cluster)

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5. Configured jps-config.xml

Update the jps-config.xml

Edit \$DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig/jps-config.xml file and add following entries.

1. find <serviceProviders> tag in the file, add below serviceProvider between <serviceProviders></serviceProviders>.

```
<serviceProvider type="IDENTITY_STORE" name="custom.provider"
class="oracle.security.jps.internal.idstore.generic.GenericIdentityStoreProvider">

<description>Custom IdStore Provider</description>

</serviceProvider>
```

2. find <serviceInstances> tag in the file, add below serviceInstances between <serviceInstances></serviceInstances>.

```
<serviceInstance name="idstore.custom" provider="custom.provider"
location="dumb">

<description>Custom Identity Store Service Instance</description>

<property name="idstore.type" value="CUSTOM"/>

<property name="ADF_IM_FACTORY_CLASS"
value="com.ofss.sms.dbAuthenticator.providers.db.DBIdentityStoreFactory"/>

<property name="DATASOURCE_NAME" value="DIGX"/>

</serviceInstance>
```

3. find <jpsContext name="default"> tag in the file, add below serviceInstanceRef between <jpsContext name="default"></jpsContext>.

```
<serviceInstanceRef ref="idstore.custom"/>
```

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